St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1881. NO. 96.

SOMETHING NEW EVERY DAY

AT

CHAS. A. FOWLE & CO.'S

ST. BERNARD

DOLLAR STORE,

416 and 418 North Fourth Street.

("Sulphur Soap" secured by Letters Patent.)

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP

An incomparable Beautifier of the Complexion.

Invaluable for Pimples, Chafes, Chapped Skin, Rough Skin, Prickly Heat, Flesh Worms, Itch, Hives, Nettle Rash, Severe Itching, Chilblains,

Tetter, Piles, Mosquito Bites, Insect Stings, Ring-worm, Erysipelas, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Ulcers, and all External Humors and Poisons.

THE WONDERFUL NATIONAL SPECIFIC

FOR THE ALLEVIATION AND CURE OF

ALL LOCAL SKIN DISEASES.

The fame of GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP has extended far and wide; there is probably no city or town in the United States in which its great curative virtues are not known and extolled by living witnesses. The testimonials received for it would fill volumes. Many distinguished Physicians and Members of the Medical Staff of Hospitals and Infirmaries, have tested it, expressed their astonishment with its results, and are now counted among its strongest advocates. Persons using it have no need to resort to Sulphur Springs as it answers all the purposes of

SULPHUR BATHS,

Being an admirable remedy for **Gout and Rheumatism** and a marvelous healer of **Ulcers** and **Old Sores,** that resist the operation of Salves and Ointments. *See that you get the* GENUINE.

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP

is **an adjunct to the Toilet** produces **results** *obtainable by no other remedy extant.* It is scientifically compounded and when **used daily,** possesses remarkable detersive properties. It is an incomparable **Beautifier of the Complexion,** eradicating **Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples** and **Blotches,** rendering the cuticle White, Clear and Smooth. It clarifies and removes all **impurities** by its **healthful action,** while ordinary Cosmetics only disguise and injure the skin. For

HUMORS OF THE SCALP and DANDRUFF,

it is pre-eminently the most reliable, and the *only* absolute specific known. It is also a desirable DISINFECTANT of CLOTHING or BED LINEN, and a capital remedy and preventive of **Obnoxious or Contagious Diseases.**

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.—SULPHUR SOAP *has been counterfeited, and the public are cautioned to* OBTAIN ONLY THE GENUINE, *and to observe the* ONLY ORIGINAL NAME, 'Glenn's Sulphur Soap, *with also the* above engraving *on the cartoon which encloses each cake,* without which none is genuine. *Ask for* Glenn's Sulphur Soap, *and* TAKE NO OTHER.

For sale generally by Druggists, Fancy Goods Dealers and Grocers, at 25 cts. a cake; 60 cts. a box, containing 3 cakes, saving 20 per cent.; 75 cts. a box, containing 3 cakes, sent by mail, prepaid.

THE PROPRIETOR WOULD BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM PERSONS USING GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

CHAS. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Proprietor, 115 Fulton St., N. Y.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS Cure in One Minute.

ON THE PREMISES

AT AUCTION,

S. W. Cor. Page and Prairie Avenue,

Monday, Sept. 26, 3 P. M.,

The Finest Business House near Grand Avenue, with Corner Lot, 50x130 to alley.

GRETHER & BOECK,

207 N. Eighth Street.

PERSONALS.

GENTLEMEN who are difficult to fit are particularly solicited to call on the practical boot and shoe-maker,

A. ALBRECHT, 408½ NORTH SIXTH STREET.

A perfect fit guaranteed for any shaped foot. Also water-proof boots and shoes made.

FIFTH ST.

PIANOS CHASE

Sold on monthly payments $100 less than any other first class Piano. Warranted 5 years. Old Pianos taken in part payment. Pianos Tuned and repaired. J.L. Peters, 307 N. Fifth Street.

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THE DEAD PRESIDENT'S FAMILY.

ELIZA B. GARFIELD (HIS MOTHER). JAMES A. GARFIELD. LUCRETIA R. GARFIELD (HIS WIFE).

The Dead President's Children.

ABRAM.

IRWIN McDOWELL. JAMES RUDOLPH.

HARRY AUGUSTUS. MARY.

The dead President's family are now emphatically the wards of the Nation. Some of the sympathy which has gone out from the people to the White House and to Francklyn Cottage has been called forth by the impending bereavement of this family, whose pictures we present above. The interest which has heretofore, in a measure, been divided between the dying chief and the grief-stricken wife and children, now centers almost wholly upon the latter.

THE DEAD PRESIDENT.

James A. Garfield had a typical American face; it is familiar to the whole people by the campaign cuts which were sown broadcast through the country. Not quite fifty years of age he was a vigorous, pithy and determined man, his character being well chiselled into his countenance. His eyes were keen and quick moving, his nose prominent and his mouth, which was concealed under a heavy beard and mustache, was firm-looking and well cut. His chief intellectual quality was his readiness. No emergency ever found him unprepared, and this mental readiness he displayed as well in the humbler as in the higher walks of life. There is in his face much to indicate the long and successful fight with circumstances by which he won his way from an humble log cabin in the forests of Ohio to the White House at Washington.

THE PRESIDENT'S WIFE.

Mrs. Lucretia Garfield, the "Crete" whose unswerving faith and love made the saddest episode in the national tragedy, was the hegeine of the boy love as well as the riper affection of the President. Thrown together as children in the old Ohio home, they soon learned to love each other, and were married at Hiram on the 11th of November, 1858. Her matronly character shines out well in the sweet face, which shows her to be a noble wife and a noble mother.

THE PRESIDENT'S MOTHER.

Mrs. Eliza Garfield completes her eightieth year to-day. She was born in New Hampshire on the 21st of September, 1801. The picture presented above is a very faithful likeness of the old lady, whose loss is the nation's. She is still thoroughly hale and vigorous in mind and body, coming of that stalwart Puritan stock whose thews and sinews conquered the wilderness of New England two centuries ago. What effect the death of her son, who was all in all to her, will have, can not yet be told.

THE CHILDREN.

Harry Garfield, the eldest of the family, is almost eighteen years old. James is just two years younger. Both of these boys are now students at Williams College, their father's *alma mater*. Irwin and Abram, the first eleven, the second five years old, are now at the homestead in Ohio. Mary Garfield, the only daughter, is nearly fifteen years old. She is, of course, at present at Washington. The pictures of the children are all good likenesses, and speak for themselves. Abram is the baby and the pet, and Mary has shown herself to be almost a woman in her strong and helpful sympathy for her mother.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Spain.

MADRID, September 21.—The Cortes met today, and King Alfonso, in opening the session, said the relations of Spain with all the foreign powers were very cordial, and with the Vatican very affectionate. After recording his devotion to the Pope he proceeded to state that the bloodthirsty attack on the Spanish colonists in Oran necessitated negotiations with France, the result of which proved the good relations existing between the two countries.

England.

LONDON, September 21.—The Methodist Ecumenical Council closed with the adoption of an address to all Methodists, read by Bishop Peck, and signed by the representatives of every Wesleyan body, recommending the views favored at the various sittings, calling upon all to co-operate in the work of Christ, to maintain the traditional Methodist means for the promotion of earnestness, and declaring that a call should go forth for great spiritual awakening. The meeting of the Council in America in 1881 was authorized.

Italy.

ROME, September 21.—Festivities commemorating the entry of the Italians into Rome in 1800 are a great success. Crowds made a pilgrimage to the tomb of King Victor Emmanuel.

Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 21.—The Porte is about to send 6,000 more troops to Tripoli.

Tunis.

TUNIS, September 21.—The French occupied Kalagrande, after obstinate resistance. Troops are being constantly sent to Mancuba, whence an advance on Kairduan will be made.

Louisville Fall Meeting.

LOUISVILLE, KY., September 21.—The fall meeting of the Jockey Club begins on Saturday next and continues seven days. The stables are crowded with horses. An enormous delegation from the Blue Grass section, Fleetwood Stable, F. Harper, D. Swigert, Robinson, Morgan & Co., Geo. W. Bowen & Co., J. R. Grinstead, J. R. McKee, J. W. Lord, McIntyre & Sweeney, B. G. Thomas, W. G. McGavock, G. D. Wilson & Co., W. D. Sharp, L. P. Tarlton, Jr., Sidney Taylor, R. F. Johnson, S. J. Salyers, Jas. Murphy, McGibbon, re-enforce the stables of Churchill & Johnson, P. C. Fox, J. H. Merrill & Co., J. R. Watts & Co., Milton Young and a host of others already here. Quite a delegation from Tennessee will arive to-morrow. It is positively asserted that Hindoo will appear in both the St. Leger and Stallion stakes. The Exposition Jockey Club races, Fair, all occur in the same week, and thousands of strangers will crowd the city.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., September 21.—Arrived: Carrier, New Orleans, 8 p. m.; Oakland, New Orleans, midnight; Grand Lake, below, 1 a. m. Departed: Maude, Memphis, 9 p. m.; Will Kyle, New Orleans, 9 p. m.; Carrier, St. Louis, 10 p. m.; Grand Lake, St. Louis, 5 a. m.; Maude, St. Louis, 8 a. m.; Rhodes, St. Louis, 10 a. m. Clear and warm.

LOUISVILLE, September 21.—River stationary; 2 feet scant in the canal; no water in the chute on the falls by marks. Weather clear and pleasant.

MEMPHIS, September 21.—River rising. Departed: C. P. Chouteau, New Orleans, at 5 a. m. Pleasant.

CINCINNATI, September 21.—River 3 feet 8 inches and rising. Weather clear and warm.

WHEELING, September 21.—River 13 inches and falling. Clear and pleasant.

PITTSBURG, September 21.—River 1 inch in channel and, stationary. Clear and warm.

Marine.

LONDON, September 21.—Rhein and Spain, from New York, arrived out.

NEW YORK, September 21.—Arrived: State of Georgia, Glasgow.

LONDON, September 21.—Arrived: Canada, New York.

Last Edition.

IN DEATH.

The Remains of Our Late President Viewed by Thousands.

Solemn and Impressive Religious Ceremonies at Elberon.

The Casket With the Dead En Route to the Capitol.

Progress of the Sad Procession and Scenes at the Stations.

President Arthur and Gen. Grant Accompany the Body.

The Mourning Family and Attendants—A Day of Sorrow and Grief.

VIEWING THE REMAINS.

LONG BRANCH, September 21.—The residents here will have an opportunity this morning of viewing the remains of the late President.

GAZING AT THE DEAD.

ELBERON, September 21.—Arrangements have been completed and notice given that all those desiring may view the remains of the late Chief Magistrate. The line has formed, and people are passing in single file through the cottage. Two sentinels are stationed at each side of the entrance, to prevent more than one person entering at a time. The casket is very unpretentious, being covered with black cloth, and, with the exception of silver mountings, perfectly plain. The only decoration is a large "V" shaped sago palm, which extends from the foot of the casket upwards. The remains are lying in one of the rooms on the first floor of the cottage, and people pass in at the east door, and, without stopping, out at the west. The appearance of the late President is so changed that persons familiar with his natural countenance would scarcely recognize him. The church bells are tolling and the crowd continues to increase. The cars which are to be used for the funeral train have just been run up to Francklyn Cottage.

GARFIELD IN DEATH.

NEW YORK, September 21.—The Evening Post Long Branch special says: "The President is laid out in the suit of clothes which he wore on inauguration day. His left hand is laid across his breast after the manner he had in life. This was done in order to make his resemblance as near to life as possible. No persons will be allowed to enter the death chamber, which has been put in order as it was when the President was brought to Elberon. The body is so greatly shrunken that artificial means had to be resorted to to give the clothes the appearance of fitting. In addition to the natural shrinking from his illness the operation connected with the autopsy has left the body in an even more emaciated state. A plaster cast was taken of his face yesterday as well as of his right hand. In taking the cast of the hand it was somewhat discolored, so that his hand will not be seen. The effect of oil used upon the face prior to taking the cast disfigured the features somewhat and slightly altered the color of the face, so that the appearance is very much less natural even than it was just after death. The President had a massive head and the large bones show very prominently. His cheeks are fallen in. The beard has been so arranged about the parotid gland as to conceal that scar, and such arrangements have been made about the pillow as still further conceal the swellings which sapped away his life. The undertaker says that in his opinion it will be safe to expose the body after it leaves here. The effects of the fluids used in embalming are such as to have already hardened the features.

A number of journalists who have been so closely watching the President's case all these weary weeks were given an opportunity for the first view of the body. The sentries stood at either side of the entrance. The coffin lay in the hallway of the lower floor, with a soldier at the head and foot of it. The coffin was black, with silver handles. Black rods ran along the side, and upon the top was a silver plate with the following inscription:

JAMES ABRAM GARFIELD.

—o—

Born, November 9, 1831.

Died President of the United States, September 19, 1881.

The coffin was lined with white satin. Across the top and crossing each other were two long leaves of palm. Only the face and shoulders were visible, and one needed to know that all that remained of James A. Garfield lay there to recall the features so familiar during life. The face, to those who knew Gen. Garfield only from his portraits, could not have been recognized. Even the features were no longer there. There was an expression about the lower lips which those who knew him best would recognize. The cheeks were gone. The brow had lost the massive appearance which characterized it in life. The involuntary whispered remark of all as they gazed upon the loved form with a shudder was, "I never should have recognized him. How he must have suffered." The shrunken, earthly form told how much. It is most marvelous how he lived so long.

As the crowd slowly entered and left the hall the bell of the little chapel in the distance was tolled. Its tones could be only faintly heard above the roar of the sea.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

LONG BRANCH, September 21.—At half past nine o'clock Chief Justice Waite, Secretary and Mrs. Blaine, Secretary and Mrs. Windom, Secretary and Mrs. Hunt, Postmaster-General and Mrs. James and Secretaries Lincoln and Kirkwood and Attorney-General MacVeagh arrived at Francklyn Cottage and the doors were closed to visitors. Religious services were conducted by the Rev. Charles J. Young of Long Branch at the request of Mrs. Garfield. There were present, besides the family and attendants, members of the Cabinet, their wives and a few personal friends, numbering in all not more than fifty. When the moment for services was announced, the windows and doors were closed and the most solemn silence prevailed.

The following passages of Scripture were read: "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord. Yea, saith the spirit, that they may rest from their labors and their works do follow them."

"We know," said the pastor, "that if our earthly house of this tabernacle were dissolved we have a building of God—a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens. Therefore we are always confident, knowing that whilst we are at home in the body, we are absent from the Lord. We are confident, nay, and willing rather to be absent from the body and to be present with the Lord, for with me to live is loss, but to die is gain. I am in a strait betwixt two, having a desire to depart and to be with Christ, which is far better. There the wicked cease from troubling and there the weary are at rest, and there shall be no more death neither sorrow or crying, neither shall there be any more pain. And there shall be no night there and they need no candle, neither light of the sun, for the Lord God giveth them light and they shall reign forever and ever. Behold, I show you a mystery. We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trumpet. For this corruptible must put on incorruption and this mortal must put on immortality. So when this corruptible shall have put on incorruption and this mortal shall have put on immortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written: Death is swallowed up in victory O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory? The sting of death is sin. The strength of sin is the law. But thanks be to the God who giveth us victory through our Lord Jesus Christ. Let us pray.

"O Thou who walked through the grave of Bethany, that open grave of the brother in Bethany. O Thou who hast compassion on the widow of Nain as she bore her beloved dead. O Thou who art the same yesterday, to-day and forever, in whom is no variableness nor shadow of turning, have mercy upon us in this hour when our souls have nowhere else to fly, but we fly to thee. Thou knowest these sorrows that we bow under. O thou God: help the widow, help this stricken heart before thee, help these children and those that are not here, be their father, help her in the distant state who watched over him in childhood. Help this Nation that is to-day bleeding and bowed in sorrow before thee. Oh, sanctify this heavy chastisement to its good. Help those associated with him in the Government. O, Lord, grant from the darkness of this night of sorrow there may arise a better day for the glory of God and good of man. We thank Thee for the record of life that is closed, for its heroic devotion to principle. We thank Thee, O Lord, that he was Thy servant; that he preached Thee by his noble life and example, and that we can say of him now, 'Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord, their works do follow them.' Now, Lord, go with this sorrowing company on this sad journey; bear them up and strengthen them. O God, bring us all at last to the morning that has no shadows, the house that has no tears, the land that has no death, for Christ's sake. Amen."

THE DEPARTURE.

ELBERON, September 21.—Immediately after the conclusion of the services Mrs. Garfield, accompanied by her son Harry, Col. Swaim, Col. and Mrs. Rockwell, Miss Mollie Garfield and Miss Rockwell, and Dr. Boynton and C. O. Rockwell, left the cottage, and boarded the first coach. The members of the Cabinet and their wives followed and took seats in the second coach. Mrs. Garfield was heavily veiled, and, in passing to the train, exhibited the same fortitude which has characterized her manner throughout. In addition to the immediate members of the family the following composed the party on the train: Dr. Reyburn, Private Secretary J. Stanley Brown, Executive Clerk Warren S. Young; John R. Van Wormer, Chief Clerk Post-office Department; John Jamison, Railway Mail Service, Post-office Department; Ridgely Hunt, son of the Secretary of the Navy; C. F. James, son of the Postmaster-General; Mr. Jay Stone, private secretary to Secretary Lincoln; ex Sheriff Daggett, Brooklyn; Col. H. C. Corbin and Messrs. Atchison, Rickard and other attendants upon the late President and Mrs. Garfield during their sojourn here. Just before the train was ready to start the following New Jersey state officials accompanied by members of the Legislature arrived and acted

AS GUARD OF HONOR:

Gov. Geo. C. Ludlow, Maj. G. Mott, Adjutant General Wm. S. Stryker Quartermaster-General Lewis Perrine, Gen. Willoughby Weston, Gen. Bird W. Spencer, Col. S. Perrine, Jr., Secretary of State Henry C. Kelsey, Assistant Secretary of State James D. Hall, Comptroller E. J. Anderson, Treasurer George M. Wright, and Private Secretary to Governor James D. Near. A few minutes before 10 o'clock the casket was removed from the cottage and placed in the third coach. The attendants and others who accompanied the party took seats in the fourth car. At exactly 10 o'clock the train started from the cottage, moving from the grounds very slowly. The train reached Elberon Station 10:12 a. m. and ran up the road about a quarter of a mile from the station, where it halted. To this point the special train which brought President Arthur and Gen. Grant from New York was run and guards were stationed in the vicinity to prevent any annoyance from the crowd, there being from 500 to 600 people in the immediate neighborhood. As soon as President Arthur's train was stopped alongside the train which bore the remains, the President and Gen. Grant stepped across and entered the second car of the funeral train. Gen. Grant took the second from the last seat on the right hand side of the car. President Arthur sat in the next seat in front of Gen. Grant by himself, and the seat next in front of that in which President Arthur sat was occupied by Secretary Blaine. As the train moved off President Arthur had his hands on the back of Secretary Blaine's seat and was leaning forward engaged in conversation with the Secretary.

THE FUNERAL TRAIN.

ELBERON, September 21.—The engine and coaches are now in readiness to start. The entire train is heavily draped in mourning. The line formed from the hotel to Francklyn Cottage has been diminished somewhat, but Ocean avenue in either direction is blocked with vehicles. Extreme solemnity pervades the assemblage.

STARTED.

ELBERON, September 21.—The funeral train left at 10 a. m.

ARTHUR AND GRANT JOIN.

ELBERON, September 21.—The funeral train passed Elberon Station at 10:12. President Arthur and ex-President Grant boarded the train at this point.

OCEAN GROVE REACHED.

OCEAN GROVE, September 21.—The funeral train bearing the body of the late President Garfield passed here at 10:14. The railroad for half a mile on both sides was lined with people. On the platform of the depot were from 4,000 to 5,000 ladies and gentlemen. As the train passed the men stood with uncovered heads, absolutely silent. The bells tolled and then the crowd dispersed. Flags were at half-mast and buildings draped.

PASSED SEAGIRT.

SEAGIRT, N. J., September 21.—The special train bearing the remains of the late President passed this point at 10:23 a. m., and left Monsquak at 10:25.

MONMOUTH JUNCTION.

Monmouth Junction, forty-six miles from Elberon, was passed at 11:26.

PASSED PRINCETON.

The train passed Princeton Junction at 11:35. There were about three hundred or more students from Princeton at the Junction, who had the track strewn for 100 yards with very beautiful flowers and strewn some elegant flowers on the train as it slowed up. The train passed Trenton, 61 miles from Elberon, at 11:49, and arrived at Bristol, where it stopped for water, at 12:05, leaving at 12:08. About a thousand people were congregated there. It passed West Philadelphia at 12:44. In carrying President Garfield to Long Branch the special train ran the ninety-four miles from West Philadelphia to Elberon in 137 minutes; the funeral train occupied 152 minutes. The train left Gray's Ferry at 12:53.

AT TRENTON.

TRENTON, N. J., September 21.—The funeral train of the late President passed this city at 11:49. It made no stop. An immense crowd of people had assembled. Every man took off his hat, and women bowed their heads. Many persons were affected to tears.

PHILADELPHIA.

When the train passed west of Philadelphia there was a large crowd which filled Market street along the top of Gray's Ferry Tunnel watching for its passage. Expressions of sympathy and sorrow were heard on all sides. The train passed Chester at 1:06 p. m. At Lamokin it stopped for water and coal, leaving there at 1:18.

WILMINGTON.

WILMINGTON, DEL., September 21.—The funeral train passed here at 1:36 p. m.

BELLS TOLLED.

WILMINGTON, DEL., September 21.—About

Continued on Fourth Page.

BROKEN TOYS.

I found my baby girl to-day
Asleep upon the floor.
The space around her little form
With playthings scattered o'er.

Her hands were nestled 'neath her chin,
And one still firmly held
A broken toy, whose novel charm
As yet was undispelled.

There lingered still about the mouth
And on the brow a trace
Of thought, half grieved and half perplexed,
As if the tiny face

Already had begun to learn
The look it was to wear
In years to come. I stooped to kiss
Away the mimic care,

And as I laid her, still asleep,
Within her nest-like bed,
And smoothed the cradle's pillow for
The little weary head,

I thought how we ot larger growth,
When tired of pains and joys,
With that same look, fall fast asleep
Amid our broken toys!

And then the Father, stooping, takes
The tired head to His breast,
And smooths the furrow from the brow,
And bears us to our rest.

HOWARD GLYNDON.

HOT AS HADES.

The Scorching Heat in Which Rolling-Mill Hands Sizzle and Sweat.

From the Chicago Tribune.

A Tribune reporter has by chance made a discovery which, though it may be of no practical importance, can be written about to the enlightenment of many, and possibly to the edification of some. He has solved the question as to what is the hottest place this side of Hades—that is, the hottest place where men have to live and work. The particular season of the year when the place in question asserts itself is, of course, in the sunny summer-time, when the thermometers of ordinary cool localities are almost too short to let the mercury climb as high as it wants to. This hottest of all hot places in the summer-time is not, as would at first be naturally supposed, the local department of the Chicago daily newspaper, where reporters sweat, and swear, and grind out "copy;" nor is it St. Louis, or the hay-field, or the laundry, or the kitchen—it is in the rolling mills. None but the men who have worked in these great hives of human industry, among immense furnaces and molten and seething metal, have any conception of the heat which a mill-hand has to endure while at his hard and tedious labor. He who mops up an irrigated countenance behind an office desk, or she who irons a shirt while sprinkling it with the perspiration that drips from her own nose and chin, would create a comparatively cool current of air by promenading through a rolling mill.

The reporter made these discoveries by happening to stroll through the acres of buildings used by the North Chicago Rolling-Mill Company, and by chatting with a few of the 1,500 and more men who work about the premises and yet somehow or other do not melt. The heat of the summer is over now, but some idea was obtained of what the men handling fiery ingots and melted metal had gone through with. They called last Saturday a cool and comfortable day for work, but the visitor, after a short time spent among the workers, felt that only by a day's sojourn in an ice-box could he be restored to a normal temperature.

From the time the ore goes into the blast furnace until the rail is sawed and straightened, the men who have handled it through all its different changes have breathed and lived in an atmosphere hotter than 999 out of 1,000 ever even walked through. It is no wonder, then, that many of the rolling-mill laborers succumb to the sultry, broiling and murky atmosphere, for many of them did surrender to the heat during the summer, throw down their iron implements of toil, kick off their heavy bobnailed shoes and in bed give overtasked nature an opportunity to restore itself. The public takes no thought of, for it does not know, what these men suffered from the heat. The superintendent said that the mill hands as a rule had held out in good shape through the hot days, but one of the head "rollers" said that "a good many of the men had to give up." Of course, no one can say that these laborers are not well paid for what they endure, their wages ranging from $5 to as high as $14 a day, but in the summer time their money is earned at the risk of health. Usually when a mill-hand "keels over" it is not a case of sunstroke, but sheer collapse of nature from overexertion. But what else is more natural, when they have been known to perspire so freely as to be able to take off their shoes and pour the accumulated perspiration out of them in an actual stream; when every "puddler," and "roller," and "hot-bed man," and each of the others, drinks as much water as would fill two ordinary-sized buckets, the effect being evident in nausea and in the pores of the skin to a distressing extent? A puddler told the visitor that a thermometer, hung where the puddlers were working, would register 106 degrees; that he (the puddler) had swallowed as high as three bucketfuls of water a day, and that he had sweat more than a gallon from his head and face alone in one day. Of course the man was only making estimates, but still he did not know to whom he was talking, or that what he said would ever be written. He wanted to convey some idea of the situation. At the North Chicago Rolling-Mills the men drink artesian-well water, preferring it to ice-water. Frequently, when the weather is very hot, they mix oatmeal with the water, the mixture being more nourishing and less apt to create nausea than pure water. A few of the hands drink several glasses of beer during the day. The malt beverage, they say, when taken moderately, stimulates them for work, while it passes out through the pores of the skin before producing a shadow of intoxication. Whisky, the Chicago hands say, is bad, and buttermilk or sweet milk was said by two of the men to be about the worst drink they could take on hot days, for the reason that it would not sweat out fast, and would play the devil with the stomach.

Just think of what the rolling-mill laborer has to experience: While the thermometer in the neighboring cellar registers, say 90 degrees, he takes a poker weighing something less than a ton and, standing in front of a furnace, stirs up a lot of molten, boiling, bubbling metal, makes it into a ball like butter, and pulls it out on a cart. Another man gets in front of the fiery mass and wheels it over to a machine, where it is squeezed to an ingot. Other men cart the ingots to the rolling-mill proper, where they must be heated again, and where you find more furnaces, belching out flames and withering hot blasts, over which the men hover. The ingot is finally hauled out again, glowing and simmering, carted to the rolls, and at last a crude rail is wormed out. This rail, before being sawed off, weighs about 800 pounds, and while still red-hot is slid up to and landed among a hundred or more other hot rails. Here, then, are tons of red-hot iron, with men handling it! The average parlor coal-stove when red hot drives one several feet away, and often out of the room, even in the winter time. What kind of a heat would tons of red-hot iron give out on a sultry summer's day? The men who handle these rails are called "hot-bed men." The visitor was actually unable to stand a second beside one of them. He went near enough to them to think his eyebrows were beginning to singe and then beat a hasty retreat.

The gangs of men at the hottest and hardest work take turns of a few minutes each, but even then the "blowing" gang cannot go far enough away to get a sniff of ordinary cool air.

"You never heard of a puddler's funeral, though?," said a laborer of that class to the visitor; and it is a fact, notwithstanding the summer troubles, that the mill hands are usually pretty healthy fellows. This is accounted for, however, by the fact that the mill men are naturally powerful in physique and constitution—none others will be taken into the business. And they usually quit the mill before they get very old. While they may be healthy—generally—while at the work, it is a question whether they would not be more healthy, with their brawny muscles and giant-like strength, and live so much the longer, if in some other trade.

It is said that the Eastern mills were bothered about filling orders during the hot weather, owing to the sickness of the men from heat and over-exertion. Here the trouble was not quite so bad as that, although extra men had to be kept on hand.

No one is to blame for it all. Railways must be constructed. No one has been able to concoct a drink which will drive away the deathly thirst of the men who make the rails, or to invent a fan that will keep the mills cool in summer. The men are satisfied with their pay and must be satisfied with the weather.

SHAKING HANDS.

Right and Wrong Ways of Performing an Important Social Function.

From "The Glass of Fashion."

Let the reader remember that there is a right and a wrong way of hand-shaking. It is horrible when your unoffending digits are seized in the sharp compress of a kind of vise, and wrung and squeezed until you feel as if they were reduced to jelly. It is not less horrible when you find them lying in a limp, nerveless clasp, which makes no response to your hearty greeting, but chills you like a lump of ice. Shake hands as if you meant it, swiftly, strenuously and courteously, neither using an undue pressure nor failing wholly supine. You may judge of the character of a man from the way in which he shakes hands; there is the shake lymphatic, the shake aggressive, the shake supercilious, the shake imperative, the shake suspicious, the shake sympathetic, and the shake emotional. Charles Lamb describes also the pump-handle shake, which is executed by taking a friend's hand and working it up and down, through an arc of fifty degrees, for about a minute and a half. "To show its nature, force and character, this shake should be performed with a firm and steady motion. No attempt should be made to give it grace and still less variety, as the few instances in which the latter have uniformly resulted in dislocating the shoulder of the person on whom it has been attempted. On the contrary, persons who are partial to the pump-handle shake should be at some pains to give an agreeable, tranquil movement to the operation, which should on no account be continued after perspiration on the part of your friend has commenced." Then there is the pendulum shake, which somewhat resembles the former; but, as its name implies, the movement is on a horizontal instead of a perpendicular direction. It is executed by sweeping your hand horizontally toward your friend's, and after the junction is effected moving with it from one side to the other according to the pleasure of the parties." Nor must the *tourniquet* shake be forgotten, which derives its name from the instrument employed by surgeons to stop the circulation of the blood in a limb about to be amputated. You grasp the hand of your friend as far as you can in your own, and then contract the muscles of your thumb, fingers and palm till you have induced any degree of compression you may propose in the hand of your friend. Particular care ought to be taken, if your hand be hard and big and that of your friend small and soft as a maiden's, not to make use of the *tourniquet* shake to such a degree that it will crush the small bones of the wrist out of their places. It is seldom safe to apply it to gouty or hot-tempered persons.

You will see some persons thrust forth their hand with a sudden jerk, like that of a steam engine suddenly set in motion; and lo, they have taken possession of your own and are doing with it as they will, before you have recovered breath. Others put forward their fingers with an apparent timidity or reluctance, and compel you to pounce upon them and draw them toward you, in order to perform an effective shake. Others, again, extend their hand timidly, partly withdraw it and again extend it until you are uncertain whether or no the act of hand-shaking will be performed after all. As for the cold-blooded creatures who austerely offer one or two fingers; I recommend you to ignore them: look loftily over them as if unconscious of their existence and—their fingers. But when a lady (and more particularly a fair one) does you the honor to offer her hand, take it with an air of grateful deference which will show how you appreciate the honor; do not drop it instantly as if the touch scared you, nor hold it so long as to cause her a feeling of uneasiness.

PEARLS.

Gen. Grant is said to be buying large quantities of land in Central Illinois.

Some machinery in a Cohoes mill caught a girl by her bang, and she nearly lost her life.

Great preachers used to be burned for heresy, but now they are invited out to have some oysters.

Tanner has taken a stand against the doctors and calls himself "Cureopathic." He says he gets all the practice he wants.

A squaw refused to marry a Canada Indian, and he scalped her. He seems to have craved a lock of her hair. She will recover.

Mr. Hayes has been made a Highway Commissioner. The star routes of his administration gave him an insight of highway affairs.

A San Francisco correspondent signs herself Con Amore. If she would write Sal. Smith at the end of her letters, people would con 'em more.

In Prussia a disdainful wretch has been arrested for spitting whenever he met a policeman. His cell has not been furnished with a cuspidor.

"Senator Ferry, of Michigan, is in the mountains of Colorado." How he got in is not stated, but no doubt there'll be some new volcanoes shortly.

Wine from a burning building flowed into a Virginia creek and set a mill to going. But, alas! the mill will never grind with the grape-juice that has passed.

Miss Sallie Hewitt, daughter of the Hon. A. S. Hewitt, is so accomplished an equestrienne that a wall five feet high is to her no obstacle whatever.

A good deal of fruit has been Khanned in Central Asia this year. This is a bad joke, but something must be done for those readers who like foreign news.

Heretic Thomas, of Chicago, wears a mustache, but his face is otherwise smooth. His portrait might be taken for that of an attorney at law or a newspaper man.

Joaquin Miller is keeping a boarding-house at Saratoga:

Eternal turnips through the gravy splash,
As Walkin thunders, "Ho! bring on the hash!"

In Hungary the bands play the same tune for several hours in succession. It's a fine scheme for a man with an enemy. It soothes his savage breast to send the music to his foe.

"Will you write me some cards? Maria Jones is my name." "Will you have it Mrs. or Miss?" inquired the card-writer. "Well, I don't care," responded the lady, "whichever is most fashionable."—[Philadelphia Times.

A Boston actor has a collection of 600 hair-pins, with the name of each of the 600 ladies from whose heads he purloined them. He now repents his crimes, but the general impression is that he will die bald-headed.

An ox tossed a baby-carriage in Maryland the other day. Several malignant old bachelors, who want all the side-walk for themselves, are about to unite their capital and bring a yoke of Maryland oxen to Louisville.

Baroness Erlanger.

From the New York Tribune.

Baroness Erlanger, formerly that Miss Slidell who distinguished herself by smartly slapping the face of one of the United States officers who captured her father when on his way abroad as a Confederate commissioner, has remained devoted to her Southern sentiments. It is said that she has persuaded her husband, the French banker, to invest capital in developing the resources of the South. The syndicate which he formed has put much money into railroads, and this practical kind of sympathy is not only "developing the South," but adding greatly and rapidly to the wealth of the sympathizers.

SECRET CIPHERS.

A System to Cheapen Ocean Telegraphy and Insure Secrecy.

From the New York Sun.

Cable rates to England are now twenty-five cents a word, but they have been as high as $100 for a ten-word message. Notwithstanding the great reductions that have been made in the cost of ocean telegraphy since the Atlantic cables were first laid, rates to points in Asia or to South America run up to several dollars a word. There are houses whose business requires frequent telegraphic communication with such distant points, and methods of attaining brevity of expression are hence of very great value. Telegraph code-makers supply such methods.

"Code-making as a business has grown up within the last five or six years," said J. C. Hartfield, who makes it a specialty. "It has the advantages of both economy and secrecy. The use of codes for ordinary business purposes dates from the beginning of ocean telegraphy, but people at first got up their own codes. It is a very easy thing to do apparently. All you have to do is to make a list of phrases which you have frequently to use in your business and represent them by a corresponding list of single words. But people found that words are apt to be changed in telegraphic transmission into words whose telegraphic notation is similar. The result has sometimes been disastrous. Code-makers make avoidance of such liability to error a special study. Then, too, code makers can attain a condensation of expression that makes their work far cheaper than any simple code such as a business man might get up for himself. Hence, large houses are willing to pay well for having codes made for them. There are houses spending as much as $30,000 a year for telegraphic advices, and a system which will put their messages into few words effects a very great saving for them. I have made a combination code for one house here by which the entire state of the Japanese tea market can be put into seven words. Those seven words will convey to them the date of steamers sailing, the state of the market for nine grades of tea, the rates of freight by six routes, the amount of purchases for Europe and the United States, the grades upon which the demand is running, the principal buyers, rates of exchange, the number of packages sent in the day's shipments, and the points to which they are consigned. I have made a code by which the amount of sales of flour, butter and cheese, the state of the market for each, and the amount of money paid into bank are sent daily to a house in this city by its branch at Liverpool, the whole message being put into two words."

"Can codes be gotten up for the use of any house in the same line of business, or do houses prefer to have their own special codes?"

"Large houses prefer to have their own codes. One large banking house for whom I prepared a code had a printing establishment set up inside the bank building so as to make certain of receiving all the copies of the code that were printed. Some of the codes used by large houses are very voluminous. Brown Brothers & Co. have a code of 64,000 words; Thomas & Co., 67,000; Moske Bros., 60,000; Drexel, Morgan & Co., about 45,000 words. We have to ransack all languages to get so many words which shall all be telegraphically dissimilar."

"How much do codes cost?"

"From $30 to $6,000, according to the amount of labor required."

"Are secret ciphers used to any extent in telegraphing?"

"Some stock operators make use of cryptograms, and get them up themselves. A method used a good deal is to have a simple code, in which the words denoting the phrases to be conveyed are numbered, and simply the numerals are sent. Such a code can be used so as to conceal messages from a person getting hold of the code, for numerals may be sent which only the proper person will understand to differ by a certain amount from the numerals denoting the phrases really conveyed. I knew one in use in which the rule was to add the date of the month to the numerals of messages from a branch house. Thus, if the figure 5 came on the 20th, they would look for the meaning of 25 in the code book. The use of codes and ciphers is very large, but the use of the highly condensed codes, where not only words but their combinations convey meanings, is not so wide as would be expected from its great economy. It takes some time and trouble to learn to use such codes with facility, and this retards their introduction, but they are coming more and more into use every year."

Code makers keep the details of their work secret, but the principle upon which codes are constructed is easily understood. The range of all staple business transactions has limits, and, as a rule, closely confined limits. The aim of the code maker is to classify phrases which shall express the constantly recurring details of the market for any staple, and to denote each of its phases by a word. Another object is to use one word so as to convey several meanings. This is done by arranging market details above the tops of columns of words and prices, quantities or any other information along the side. A word in the table expresses the phrase at the top of its column and also the phase at its side. The compilation of a code is a very laborious task, but its value as an aid to business communications is indisputable.

Sometimes queer sentences result from the chance grouping of code words. Not long since a tea house got this: "Unbolted babies detested."

Brahmans and Beef.

From the St. James Gazette.

The pious Hindoos of Benares are about to send a deputation to England to persuade Parliament to prohibit the slaughter of cows in any part of India. Such is the news from Calcutta; and, as the Maharajah of Benares is said to have engaged to defray all the expenses of the mission, there can be little doubt as to its reality. Indeed, the Hindoos of the old school have clung to the project of suppressing the consumption of beef throughout India, from the days of the Moguls down to our own time. Della Valle, the Roman traveler, who visited Western India in the reign of James I., says that the Hindoos in Cambay, in Guzerat, prevailed on the Mogul Governor with a large sum of money to prohibit the slaughter of cows or calves under heavy penalties; and any man at Cambay, Mussulman or otherwise, who disobeyed this order, was in danger of losing his life. The Emperor Aurungzebe was more intolerant, and was detested by the Rajpoot princes because he slaughtered cows in Rajpootna, not for the sake of the beef, but in a spirit of persecution and revenge. As late as the end of the last century Tippoo Sultan excited horror throughout Southern India because he compelled large numbers of Hindoos to eat beef, in order to pollute them beyond all hope of being restored to their caste, and thus forced them, as it were, to become Mahommedans. Strange to say, nearly all the civil posts in his government were filled by Brahmans, while his Prime Minister was a Brahman of the purest caste. They all pocketed the affront to their religion in consideration that they were pocketing large sums of money out of the coffers of the State, while Tippoo Sultan could not dispense with their services since they were the only educated men in his dominions.

It may naturally be asked what there is in the cow to command such superstitious reverence. As a matter of fact, the worship of the cow is associated with one of the oldest religions in the world. From the remotest antiquity the cow has been regarded as the incarnation of the female element in nature—the universal mother, as well as the giver of milk and butter, which are the choicest delicacies in the eyes of a pious and primitive people. The Egyptians worshipped the goddess Isis in the form of a woman, with the horns of a cow. The Hindoos worship the cow as an incarnation of Lakshmi, the wife of Vishnu, the holy, beautiful and pure ideal of a woman, who rose from out of the sea like another Aphrodite. To wake up in the morning and see a cow is the best omen of good luck that can befall a Hindoo, just in the same way that to wake up and see a widow drives him into a state of the most acute apprehension of coming misfortunes. The ideas of Hindoos as to beef are altogether different from those of Buddhists. The Hindoos regard the cow as a deity. It has been said that they would eat human flesh rather than taste beef; and they have been known to perish of starvation on board ship rather than eat salt beef. Yet for all this Brahmans traveling in England have been known to eat beef, and like it. Indeed, one Brahman boasted during a visit to England that the sacrilegious nourishment cured him of a bad asthma which had affected him for many years, and which had been originally brought on by a series of bathings in sacred rivers, undertaken with the pious view of washing away the sins of his deceased father.

Will Guiteau Escape?

From the New York Tribune.

Some phases of the public feeling excited by the attempt of Sergeant Mason to kill Guiteau are sufficiently curious. What they really amount to is a moral verdict of "Not guilty" in a case which, the soldier's sanity being conceded, was clearly one of felonious attempt to kill. A portion of the public is inclined to condone the felony. This feeling takes various odd forms. Some of the more emotional ask that Mason may be promoted. Subscriptions have been set afoot to enable him to pay counsel. One newspaper sums up the matter by asserting that "if Mason should live, he will soon be the most popular man in the country." Now it need not be said that in a land of law all this is very loose talk, and will amount to nothing in the end. The masses of the people will quietly await the action of regularly constituted tribunals, which will give Guiteau a fair trial. With regard to Mason it may be said that his mind was undoubtedly so affected by dwelling upon the assassin's crime that he was hardly responsible for what he did. But it should be understood that such a deed is not one to be defended, and is, in fact, sincerely to be regretted by every right-thinking man.

A good deal of the unwholesome doubt in the public mind, it may as well be confessed, arises from the uncertain methods of courts of justice. There is a notion—possibly it is no more than a notion—that some clever lawyer retained by Guiteau may find some technical way of saving him from the fit penalties of his transgression. This it is which has lent interest to the question whether, if the President should, unhappily, die at Long Branch, in the State of New Jersey, his murderer could be tried for the murder in the District of Columbia or in the State of New Jersey. Our advice to all men is not needlessly to fret their minds upon this point. The man will certainly be tried somewhere and be punished somewhere, if he lives to be tried and punished. He will not be permitted to go at large again to kill more men, unless he has a much better legal defence than it is possible to conceive of. Some court will find jurisdiction. Some judge will be found to sentence, as some jury will be found to convict. Or if this should prove impossible, common sense will hardly permit this murderous person to go at large. Society will act in this matter upon the principle of self-preservation, and the authorities of the United States will find a law or make one for meeting the emergency. New occasions call for new expedients; but we still think that existing law will be sufficient for dealing with this case.

Embroidered Tabliers.

From the New York Mail.

Complete fronts for dresses with trimmings to match are now imported, which surpass in beauty of execution and gorgeousness, with which the bold colors of the Orient are blended in harmonious masses, anything of the same kind which has ever been brought to this country. They are embroidered in artistic stitch, and one of the handsomest was thickly wrought in silk with crimson Jacqueminot roses, golden Marechal Neils, white and pink noisette buds, long grasses and fern leaves mingled with long spikes of cream-white berries formed of Roman pearls. This embroidery was finished at the bottom by a net-work of gold and pearl beads, with a pendant fringe which was intended just to escape the bottom of the dress. Another tablier which might form the front of a bridal dress was embroidered its entire length in crystal and Roman pearls, and spread at the bottom in fan shape, ending in heavy wheat heads wrought in silver threads. A number of dragon flies of different sizes in crystal as well as the extra trimming accompanied this tablier, which were to be used as ornaments for different parts of the toilet. The largest was fully three inches long. The handsomest of these tabliers is embroidered in ivory satin, and might be appropriately used with the brocade described in India colors. This tablier is wrought in gold bronze and shades of crimson with colored beads and with fine chenille and threads of gold, forming a rich embroidery of leaves interlacing stems of long tropical grasses and exotic flowers. Thirteen butterflies, in gay cashmere colors in various sizes, some with half closed wings, some with spread wings and others with wings folded, are used with this embroidery, to be placed around the costume wherever fancy may dictate. There is also a black satin dress front wrought in the same manner in solid cashmere beads. The work on these goods is so exquisite and fine that they are valued at from $300 to $850 each, which, it is said, is a low figure when the wonderful minutia of the work are considered.

The English Militia.

From the New York Times.

The late reviews of the English Volunteers are now among the things of the past, but the splendid condition of the men and the readiness with which almost one hundred thousand men were brought to certain points is still a subject in regard to which our English friends are congratulating themselves. Much praise is accorded just now to the Scotch Volunteers because they were exposed to a pelting shower, which they took without hedging during many hours. One thing this review demonstrated was that the railway companies of the United Kingdom were fully prepared to move a great body of men without any effort. It should be remembered that while the 53,000 English Volunteers were moved in one day, and the 40,000 Scotch on another day, the ordinary traffic of the roads was being carried on. In time of war everything would be, of course, subsidiary to the military, and extra transportation would be required for the guns, baggage and ammunition. The unfortunate peculiarity which regular officers have always had, especially in England, to snub and pooh-pooh the Volunteers, has not been indulged in. The fact is that the English people generally appreciate the worth of their volunteer soldiers, and are conscious that if ever the time shall come when England is attacked by a European power and invasion follows, it could be only on her volunteers that she could rely. That they are already a trustworthy force, made up of as fine material as the world can produce, there can be no doubt. There is, however, this peculiarity about the English volunteer force—that, although it originated with the idea of repelling invasion, yet the Crown has but a very slight power of command over the Volunteers, and there are certain restrictions as to the circumstances under which their services could be accepted.

The Oldest Pensioner.

From the Baltimore North American.

Maryland can probably claim the oldest pensioner in the United States in the person of Mrs. Elizabeth Cretzer, who resides in the Ninth District of Baltimore county, upon the York road. She was 103 years old in last December, and is the widow of John Cretzer, of Capt. Perry's company of Maryland militia, who served in the war of 1812. Notwithstanding her age she can walk about the house and attend to household duties. She has the record of her birth and of her marriage to John Cretzer in the year 1806. Her sight and hearing are good, and her mental faculties are in excellent preservation. On Tuesday she was driven in to receive her pension payment at Maj. Adreon's office, on Calvert street, and as he would not give her the trouble to alight he carried her check to her at the carriage and found her thoroughly cheerful and in the humor for quite a talk. She is believed to be the oldest pensioner if not the oldest person in the United States.

HIPPOPHOGY.

A Man Who Believes That Horseflesh is Wholesome.

From the New York Times.

A German sausage manufacturer in London was recently accused of using horseflesh in making his sausages, and the question came up, Is horseflesh wholesome and fit for human food? It seems that the English have a prejudice against horseflesh. Instead of theorizing on the point, it would be better to look at the facts.

The writer, while a medical student at St. Petersburg, Russia, was for years a regular horseflesh eater. The students of the Medical Academy, of the University, of the Technological Institute and of the Agricultural School ate horseflesh at that time, as they do now. And the poorer population of the Czar's capital, who have overcome their prejudice, commonly buy horseflesh, because it is cheaper than beef. It was brought into use at St. Petersburg in 1870. In the population of the Czar's capital there are several thousand Tartars, who are habitual eaters of horseflesh. The Tartars usually come to the Imperial Veterinary College, which is on the same grounds as the Imperial Medical Academy, to buy the hopelessly wounded horses. The medical and veterinary students could not help noticing what excellent meat the Tartars got at a ridiculously low price. As extreme poverty prevails among the Russian students, the idea suggested itself to use horseflesh, as the Tartars did, and so the students began to eat it.

We did not run any risk of being poisoned, for the professors of the Veterinary College agreed to examine every animal whose meat we intended to consume. Soon there were formed the so-called "horseflesh clubs." The Russian students live in parties of from five to twenty persons at the same house, and have in common books, board, and often even dress. These little communities, one after another, gladly substituted cheap horseflesh for dear beef. The medical and veterinary students dressed the meat themselves at the college, while the students of other institutions resorted to the help of the Tartars. The Tartars were ready to furnish any quantity of horseflesh of the best quality at from two to three kopecks per pound, while beef sold at from twenty to thirty kopecks. Some of the poorer students carried home their supplies of horseflesh on their own shoulders.

The students liked horseflesh very much. It is all a mistake to believe that it is much inferior to beef. True, it is a little coarser, but the flesh, generally speaking, is not harder. Horseflesh has a gamy flavor, reminding one somewhat of goose or duck. Sometimes on our table appeared the meat from a young and well-fed horse which had been killed by accident. That we would not have exchanged for any beef. The fat is more liquid than beef fat, for it contains less stearine and more oleine; therefore horsemeat, when cold, is not so hard as beef. The meat of a very lean horse, and particularly that of a horse of a respectable old age, is very hard. But the same is true as regards lean and old oxen and cows. Horses are no more likely to be diseased than oxen, and it should be the duty of the sanitary inspectors to see that the animals killed for food are healthy. In St. Petersburg there are now a number of dining-rooms where horsemeat is served. A full dinner there costs ten kopecks (five cents), against thirty kopecks at the other places. There are many regular customers at those dining-rooms, who are principally persons belonging to the educated classes and who, of course, found it easier to overcome their prejudice against horsemeat than uneducated peasants or tradesmen may find it. If Englishmen, who adore large and juicy beefsteaks, could see what excellent horsesteaks are served in the Czar's capital, perhaps they would reflect a little before abusing horseflesh. There are in Russia thousands of doctors, professors, lawyers, engineers and priests who but for horseflesh would never have finished their studies, and who would make a formidable array of witnesses to the effect that horseflesh is wholesome and fit for human food.

A Scandalous Intrigue.

Washington Special to Chicago Tribune.

Some interesting letters are made public here to-day, showing the sharp struggles going on from time to time among religious denominations to get control of the Indian missions. It appears that the Roman Catholics have in Washington what is called a Bureau of Catholic Indian Missions, at the head of which is J. B. A. Brouillet. It appears that at present an Indian Agent by the name of Wilbur, under the auspices of the Methodist denomination, has charge of the agency of the Yokama Reservation. The Bureau of Catholic Indian Missions has been making a strong effort to have him removed and a Roman Catholic put in his place. In a letter dated the 18th of last July and addressed to the Very Rev. J. M. Cataldo, at the Nez Perces Mission, Idaho, Mr. Brouillet incloses the draft of two petitions against Wilbur, with instructions to have signatures obtained all around the reservation at Yokama and in the settlement in its vicinity, at Dallas, Walla Walla, and Vancouver. "Let me advise you," says Brouillet, "to be careful of one thing—namely: to have both petitions copied before using them, and have your copies, not mine, signed by Ignace and the citizens. It would never do to have these petitions come back to Washington in our handwriting, which is well known in the department." Five days later Mr. Brouillet addressed another letter to the Rev. Father M. Cataldo, urging vigorous action in the effort to oust the Methodist, Wilbur. Among the other things he says: "We must have that gentleman out of the way, and then we will take other steps. My impression is that if we succeed in securing the investigation asked for, we will be able to secure his removal, and he being out of the way it strikes me that we should have no difficulty in getting two of the four churches which are now on the reservations set apart for the use of the Catholics—one for the church and one for school purposes. It will be proven that the four churches have been built with the money of the whole Nation and that it is unjust to let the Methodists alone have the benefit of them. Please push the two petitions on with all the haste and prudence possible. Until that matter is settled, my advice is that Father Carrana should content himself with saying mass and instructing the Indians in one of the Indian houses. If we speak of building, Wilbur will bring against us that clause of the treaty which requires the consent of the Indians, the Indian agents and the superintendents before a white man can settle on the reserve, as he did in 1873. It is best, therefore, that we should not raise that question now. Saying mass and instructing the Indians without establishing a permanent residence cannot be regarded by the department as a settlement, and consequently will not be considered a valid objection."

Learned Colored Men.

From the Madison Madisonian.

There is a negro in Morgan county, Lewis Jordan, who is thoroughly conversant with the rudiments of the Latin language, knows a smattering of French and is fast learning to read and parse Greek. He is a capital scholar in English grammar and is ready in mathematics. He has acquired this extraordinary amount of learning without the assistance of a preceptor and seems charmed when under some great mental task. He has not an intelligent face, but rather the reverse—appearing at times silly in the extreme. He is about 35 years old and feels confident that he can master several languages before his death. He laughs at you when you ask if he could not have progressed faster if placed under a competent teacher. He is humble, polite and strictly reliable. There is another negro, we forget his name, who has been blind since early boyhood, made so by drinking poke root tea, who is the best and readiest mathematician we ever saw. He makes all of his calculations without slate or pencil. He can multiply any numbers and give you a correct answer to any sum in interest before the most expert arithmetician can tell by the means of figures and pencil. He is also silly, and is little above an idiot. He is perfectly black, about thirty years old, and has made since the war, at his trade, making wagon fixtures, gates and splitting boards, about $2,000 in cash. He owns several hundred acres of land, which he rents. One peculiarity about him, he buries all his money unless he can get twelve per cent interest with good security. He goes about in winter and summer more naked than clothed.

THE PRESIDENT'S WOUND.

What the Post-Mortem Examination Revealed.

From an Associated Press Dispatch.

The following official bulletin was prepared at 11 o'clock to-night by the surgeons who have been in attendance upon the late President:

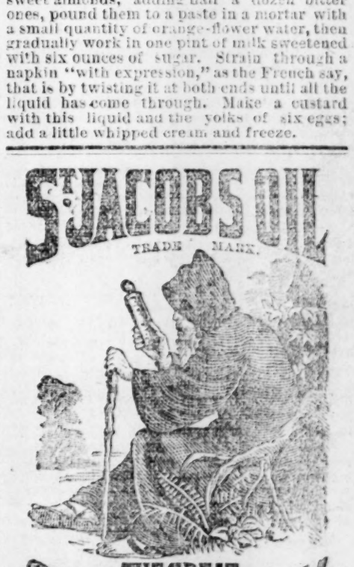
"By previous arrangement the post-mortem examination of the body of President Garfield was made this afternoon in the presence and with the assistance of Drs. Hamilton, Agnew, Bliss, Barnes, Woodward, Reyburn, Andrew H. Smith, of Elberon, and Acting Assistant Surgeon D. S. Lamb, of the Army Medical Museum of Washington, the operation was performed. It was found that the ball after fracturing the right eleventh rib had passed through the spinal column, in front of the spinal canal, fracturing the body of the first lumbar vertebra, driving a number of small fragments of bone into the adjacent soft parts, and lodging just below the pancreas about two and a half inches to the left of the spine and behind the peritoneum, where it had become completely encysted. The immediate cause of death was secondary hemorrhage from one of the mesentric arteries, adjoining the track of the ball, blood rupturing the peritoneum and nearly a pint escaping into the abdominal cavity. This hemorrhage is believed to have been the cause of the severe pain in the lower part of the chest complained of just before death. An abscess cavity six inches by four in dimensions was found in the vicinity of the gall bladder, between the liver and transverse colon, which were strongly interadherent; it did not involve the substance of the liver, and no communication was found between it and the wound. A long suppurating channel extended from the external wound between the loin muscles and right kidney, almost to the right groin. This channel is now known to be due to the burrowing of pus from the wound, and was supposed during life to have been the track of the ball. On examination of the organs of the chest evidences of severe bronchitis were found on both sides, with broncho-pneumonia of the lower portion of the right lung and, though to a much less extent, of the left. The lungs contained no abscess, and the heart had no clots; the liver was enlarged and fatty, but free from abscess, nor were any found in any other organ, except the left kidney, which contained near its surface a small abscess, about one-third of an inch in diameter. In reviewing the history of the case, in connection with the autopsy, it is quite evident that the different suppurating surfaces, and especially the fractured, spongy tissue of the vertebra, furnish sufficient explanation of the septic condition which existed."

London Society Talk.

Olive Logan's Letter to Philadelphia Times.

The gay world, in town and country, on the yacht's deck and on the sloping hillside, is talking of Lord Clandeboye's feat of swimming the Hellespont and return. The query is, what did he do it for? Other swimmers than the eldest son of Lord Dufferin have breasted these classic waters, but all have had a motive. Leander was in love with Hero, priestess of Venus, and the only way to see the virgin goddess was to swim for the privilege. The hero of Museus risked the conveyance of the wave and a long and lovely posterity of mythological divinities attested his success. That is if we are to lend any credence to the statuesque fiction of those prehistoric days, and are not to send this, along with other beautiful myths, to the coventry of unbelief. But if Leander swam the Hellespont at all it was to see Hero. (If you will not visit it upon me too roughly I will tell you a mot of my own, made years ago in a Philadelphia drawing-room.) Says Classicus, "When Leander swam the Hellespont"—"and did he swim?" says I. I thought he rowed." Now, pray do not shake your head. Faith 'tis as good as what's in some of the modern burlesques, and my tender years were an extenuating circumstance. Byron swam from Abydos to Sestos. What was his motive? To create a sensation—the aim and object of Byron's life. There was a practical side to that, too. Sensations sold Byron's books. A man who goes to bed nobody and wakes up to find himself famous is the very sort of author every publisher craves. Sir Patrick Colquhoun, who, in 1840, frequently swam from Therapia across the Bosphorus and back, is a fine old Irish gentleman, still alive and vigorous, who is honest enough to confess the motive which drove him to the plucky feat. He wanted to get up an appetite for breakfast. The grandson of Dicky Sheridan, the gallant young Claudeboye, may have been moved by "the desire to perpetuate, otherwise than by the mere banality of rank, the fame of the family, whose proudest boast perhaps is that it counts among its ancestors the author of "A School for Scandal."

ALMOND CREAM.—Blanch four ounces of sweet almonds, adding half a dozen bitter ones, pound them to a paste in a mortar with a small quantity of orange-flower water, then gradually work in one pint of milk sweetened with six ounces of sugar. Strain through a napkin "with expression," as the French say, that is by twisting it at both ends until all the liquid has come through. Make a custard with this liquid and the yolks of six eggs; add a little whipped cream and freeze.



splitting boards, about owns several hundred e rents. One peculiar- ies all his money unless cent interest with good put in winter and sum- clothed.

ENT'S WOUND.

ortem Examination ealed.

ed Press Dispatch.

l bulletin was prepared by the surgeons who ce upon the late Presi-

gement the post-mor- he body of President s afternoon in the pres- stance of Drs. Hamil- rnes, Woodward, Rey- mith, of Elberon, and eon D. S. Lamb, of the m of Washington, the ned. It was found that g the right eleventh h the spinal column, in al, fracturing the body tebra, driving a num- s of bone into the ad- odzm just below the nd a half inches to the ehind the peritoneum, completely encysted. f death was secondary of the mesentric ar- ack of the ball, blood um and nearly a pint abdominal cav- hage is believed the cause of the wer part of the chest pre death. An abscess ur in dimensions was the gall bladder, be- ansverse colon, which herent; it did not in- the liver, and no com- between it and the urating channel ex- al wound between the kidney, almost to the nel is now known to wing of pus from the ed during life to have bal. On examination st evidences of severe on both sides, with the lower portion of ough to a much less e lungs contained no nd no clots; the liver , but free from ab- nd in any other organ, which contained near ss, about one-third of In reviewing the his- nection with the au- nt that the different nd especially the frac- the vertebra, furnish f the septic condition

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Philadelphia Times.

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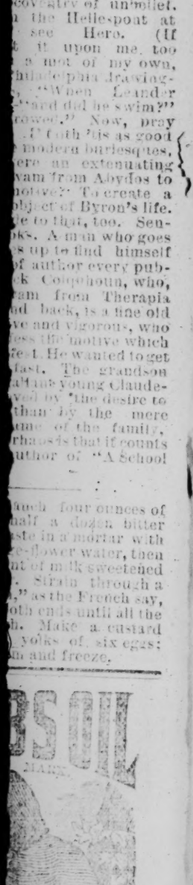
much four ounces of half a dozen bitter ste in a mortar with tablespoonful water, then nt of milk sweetened strain through a ," as the French say, oth ends until all the h. Make a custard yolks of six eggs; m and freeze.



Secrets of the Flying Trapeze.

New York Correspondence.

The following lately appeared in one of our influential dailies: "The marvelous feats of gymnastic daring, the squirrel-like agility so conspicuously exhibited, and the uninterrupted success of the troupe of acrobats appearing in conjunction with the Hon. P. T. Barnum's Great Popular Circus are furnishing the public with abundant reason for conjecturing the cause of such phenomenal fortune. Frequenters of circus entertainments generally all unite in saying that it often happens to an especially brilliant performer—the people's favorite, so to speak—that he is debarred the privilege of appearing just at the time he most desires to, because of some accident or other, which, although not serious, is of sufficient moment to interfere with a creditable performance, to the artist's chagrin and the popular disappointment. It has long been a study with medical men and others to discover some swift, safe and sure means of overcoming the annoyance and trouble resulting from this class of accidents; but it was reserved for help to come unexpectedly, but most opportunely, from altogether another source, which recently received the following complimentary mention from an influential contemporary. The article goes on to say: "It is a fact highly gratifying to all Baltimoreans who are interested in the substantial progress of the city that the largest proprietary medicine house in the country is located in that city. The concern is purely a result of Baltimore talent, pluck and business ability, and is a credit, in every respect, to the city. Messrs. A. Vogeler & Co. have indeed attained an enviable position in the business world. Their remedies are pronounced by everybody to possess such intrinsic merit as to be raised above the level of the mere nostrum and elevated to the dignity of valued household specifics, and they daily receive testimonials from all over the country, from the very best people, indorsing the action and virtue of their specialties in the most unqualified and laudatory manner. Hearing that the house had been the recipient of a complimentary communication from P. T. Barnum's Greatest Show on Earth, united with the Great London Circus, Sanger's Royal British Menagerie and the International Allied Shows, now exhibiting at Madison Square Garden, the reporter was given the text of the following highly eulogistic communication from the Greatest Show Firm in the Great Specialty Firm. It reads:

"'MADISON SQUARE GARDEN,
NEW YORK, April 1, 1881.

We take pleasure in stating that the Great German Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, is being used by many ring artists now engaged with P. T. Barnum's Greatest Show on Earth, united with the Great London Circus, Sanger's Royal British Menagerie and the International Allied Shows. From its happy effect upon those who have occasion to employ it, we have no hesitation in pronouncing St. Jacobs Oil the best liniment which has ever been brought to our notice. It is wonderfully efficacious in subduing pain.

BARNUM, BAILEY & HUTCHINSON.'

"The same marvelous influence which St. Jacobs Oil has upon mankind is also exerted upon the animal creation, and is as fully and most satisfactorily exhibited by its use in the famous show above named for the use of the animals also. This renowned combination of entertainment and instruction is said to be the aggregation of more performing talent and wonderful collections of animals and curiosities than has been ever before gotten together. It is performing to immense crowds in New York, and the general verdict seems to be that the advertisements do not picture the reality."

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Bartley Kelly has been turned loose again, as no case could be made against him.

There will be a meeting of Western commercial travelers at Armory Hall on Saturday, October 1.

The through express on the Missouri Pacific was an hour late this morning, arriving at the Union Depot at 7:30 A. M.

A $50 fire occurred at No. 1719 Columbus street yesterday afternoon. The fire was in the roof of Philip Weiser.

Unregistered physicians will be prosecuted by the Health Commissioner, and Dr. Frank L. James is the first on the list.

The cutlery store at the corner of main and Second streets was entered last night by burglars. Some matches and two coats were found in the buildsng, but the burglars made good their escape.

William Grady was arrested last night. He is said to be the man who smashed things up so generally in the Seventh street saloon about ten days ago.

Special services will be held by the different religious denominations in this city. The times and places of these services will be announced in due time.

Glenn Melton and Mary Walker, both colored, were arrested by Officer Henly at the circus grounds last night. Both of the prisoners carried revolvers.

Officer Church yesterday arrested Louis Fisher for overloading and beating a pair of small mules. The team belonged to Frederick Brand, 2038 Benton street.

Lizzie Gray, Kate Johnson and Anna Robinson, colored, engaged in a general fight at Eighth and Spruce streets and were all arrested for disturbing the peace.

Thomas Rennels was brandishing a revolver and threatening to shoot some one in front of 719 S. Second street last night, when Officer Louis Bottischer "took him in."

Mr. T. C. Leland, of New York, lectured before the Liberal League at 1306 Olive street last night. His theme was "Social Evolution," and was handled in an able manner.

The report of the committee on arrangements for the Irish Nationalists' picnic held at Rinkel's Grove recently was made at a meeting held in Senate Hall last night. The net receipts were $500.

At the meeting of the Women's Presbyterian Board of Missions for the Southwest, held at the Presbyterian rooms yesterday afternoon, Mrs. M. C. Wade was sent as a missionary to Omaha Mission.

Officer McDonald, in trying to make an arrest at Sixteenth and Pine streets last night, was assailed. Several shots were exchanged, when Officers Turley, Coleman and Parle came to the rescue, and three of the men were arrested.

The Unity Debating Society met in the parlors of the First Presbyterian Church last night for reorganization, and the following officers were elected: President, E. M. Davis; vice-president, T. O. Lloyd; treasurer, and secretary, Frank Ganse.

The work of reconstruction of streets will shortly begin, and Commercial alley, Main, Second and Seventh streets will be paved with granite at the expense of the adjacent property owners, who will be given a hearing before the Board of Public Improvements on the 10th of October.

The children of Mrs. Grimes and Mrs. Cummings, who live in the same yard at 1229 Seventeenth street, yesterday engaged in a quarrel, which ended in a fight between the mothers. Mrs. Cummings was badly and perhaps fatally wounded in the head by a brick thrown at her by Mrs. Grimes.

The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union met in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. The question of disbanding the Union and uniting with the Sunday Association was decided in favor of the continuance of the union. Mrs. Higgins, of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Chicago, briefly addressed the meeting. The Union will meet again on the first Tuesday in October.

The Board of Police Commissioners met yesterday, at which time Officer Burke, of the Central District, Officers Boyd and Sharpsburg, of the Third, and Officer Parcell, of the Fifth, were promoted to the rank of Sergeants. Seven applications for positions on the force were received and accepted, and four more were referred to Chief Kennett. The force is now full, and no more applications will be received at present.

Judges McCrary and Treat were both present when the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Missouri met yesterday. Judge McCrary spoke eloquently and at some length of the calamity that had come upon the Nation. He spoke feelingly of Gen. Garfield as a friend, a citizen and a statesman. When he had concluded Judge Treat paid a touching tribute to our dead President and the court adjourned. A preliminary bar-meeting was immediately held and a committee of five were appointed to draft proper resolutions and report at a meeting at 1 p. m. to-day.

Mr. G. W. Fairfield purchased a spool of barbed wire a few days since from Hulbert & Gould, on Cass avenue. Shortly afterward, two men, giving their names as Ofield and McMillen, entered the store and introduced themselves as the attorney and settling agent of the firm of Washburn & Moon, of Chicago. They informed Hulbert & Gould that their firm had laid itself liable by an infringement on a patent, in selling barbed wire, but if they would settle the matter immediately no prosecution would be instituted. The story was too transparent and didn't work, and the blackmailers went their way.

At a joint meeting of the Teachers' and Building Committees, held at the Polytechnic Building yesterday, the charges of insubordination preferred against Mrs. Mary Martin, the janitress of Spring Avenue School, were taken up and occupied the attention of the body for the entire session. Mrs. Martin keeps a dog which raises a disturbance occasionally in the Spring Avenue School, and when the teacher reminds the janitress that the dog has no business in the building Mrs. Martin is insolent in reply. On motion of Mr. Schwaner it was voted to censure the janitress and transfer her as soon as opportunity occurs.

Six members of the Public School Building Committee were present at their meeting yesterday afternoon. A committee was appointed to investigate and accept the work of Mr. Stoddard on the Wyoming Street School. Two bids were received for repairing the hallways and staircases in the Stoddard School, but both were considered too high and were reported without recommendation. Two dollars per room was voted to the janitors of the various schools, in addition to their regular salaries, for the purchase of necessary supplies. The attention of Mr. Kirchner was called to several matters requiring his attention and the committee adjourned.

About 7 o'clock last evening a number of blasts were arranged in the stone quarry at the corner of Grand and Kossuth avenues, and the workmen withdrew to a safe distance. All the blasts exploded but one, and Frederick Reksick, the foreman, and John Oswald, who had lighted the fuse, went back to see what was the matter. While they were standing above the drill-hole the blast exploded, hurling the men into the air about fifteen feet. Oswald had his face badly burned with powder, and received a number of severe bruises. Reksick received a bad wound on the head and had several ribs broken. His injuries are very dangerous and probably fatal.

At the meeting of the Board of Public Improvements yesterday the following permits, granted by the president upon the recommendation of the Street Commissioner, were reported: To erect a pump at the corner of Second and Randolph streets; to erect Western Union Telegraph poles on Sixth and Locust streets; to pave the entrance to Thomas Stanton's pork-house on Magnolia and Elliott avenues, and to erect a lamp-post on the corner of Sixth and Elm streets. The Street Commissioner reported Montgomery street obstructed, and also submitted plans and profile of the proposed route of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad. A report was received from the Harbor and Wharf Commissioner. Several communications were read and the board adjourned.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

The Natatorium seems to lose nothing by the great opposition suddenly stirred up in amusement circles. It is crowded every day.

Barry and Fay, with variety specialties and a comedy sketch entitled "Muldoon's Picnic," are playing to good houses at the People's.

"Our Goblins" is one of the best of all modern mirthful and musical creations. Mitchell's Pleasure Party is presenting it at the Grand Opera-house this week.

The Big Four Minstrels are at Pope's. The house closed last night in respect to the memory of the dead President. Performances will be resumed to-day.

Gus Williams in his new play, "Wanted, A Carpenter," is succeeding to his own and his manager's satisfaction in winning public favor. "Wanted, A Carpenter," again to-night.

Barnum had over 14,000 under his exhibition canvas last night, and the vast multitude were delighted with the greatest show on earth. The afternoon audience was also a large one. Mme. Dockrill's riding and the wonderful aerial leaping, tumbling, juggling, riding and other acts that make up the very interesting programme were received with the greatest enthusiasm.

A Central Rebate Office.

This morning a rebate office was opened at the general ticket office of the Union Depot. Heretofore it was necessary, in order to recover rebate, to go to the different offices about town. When passengers passing through the city attempted to get rebate rates and make close connections they have heretofore found themselves paying high rates. Arriving on one train and barely meeting the other outgoing train, they found it impossible to journey up town for the money. To facilitate matters the roads have established this central office.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The League base-ball scores on Tuesday were: Cleveland 6, Worcester 5; Detroit 8, Boston 1.

Jacob Miller, of New Orleans, in a fit of jealousy on Tuesday plunged a knife in the breast of his paramour.

Marvin, the man with fifteen wives, has at length been indicted at Richmond, Va., for bigamy, forgery and larceny.

Thomas Duffy, a notorious desperado, while attempting to escape from jail at Las Vegas on Tuesday, was shot and killed by a guard.

Edward Trickett, the champion oarsman of Australia, will row Fred Plaisted, of New York, at Creve Cœur, on the 9th of October.

John Smith, town treasurer, postmaster and merchant of McLeansboro, Ill., has left the town, his creditors and everybody else behind.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Dora dashes off for Clarksville at 4 p. m.

TAKE Leyhe's Spread Eagle at 3 p. m. for Grafton.

THE Libbie Conger goes to St. Paul to-morrow.

THE renowned Gem City will be off for St. Paul at 4 p. m.

THE Gold Dust, Capt. James T. McCord, leaves for Vicksburg to-morrow.

A FEATURE of to-day will be the departure for New Orleans of the Belle of Shreveport, Jas. Coghill master, T. J. Rockwell clerk.

WILL S. HAYS telegraphed Capt. James O'Neal, Superintendent of the New Orleans Anchor Line, that there is sixteen feet of a rise coming out of the Kanawha.

CAPT. WM. TOWLE, the lumber and saw mill king of Metropolis, Ill., is in the city, and stopping at the Planters'. The towboat Robin is bringing barges of lumber here for him.

A PARAGRAPH in the Vicksburg Herald announces that Capt. Wash Floyd will put a suitable boat in the trade from thence to Arkansas City if he should meet with the proper encouragement from Vicksburg merchants and business men in furtherance of his undertaking. The Herald thinks that is what Vicksburg has been standing in need of since the departure of the Dean Adams, and hopes Capt. Floyd will make up his mind to do so.

THE Courier-Journal: We are glad to report the cheerful news of a sixteen-foot rise in the Kanawha River. It is thought the rise will be sufficient to let out all the coal from there, and have the effect upon the Ohio to let our regular packets resume their trips. No rise at Pittsburg as yet, but there is liable to be one at almost any hour. The Ohio will be rising to-day at all points between here and the upper end of it. We want to see it rise from "eend to eend."

THE Memphis Appeal says: The National Board of Health steamer H. H. Benner was sailing around the harbor yesterday, attending to business of the quarantine department. My! what a stunner she would make in some of these lower bends, doing a daily mail, express and passenger business. She can run on the tears shed by a school-miss over her multiplication table lesson, and, as the unsophisticated country darkey said about the first railway train he ever saw, when she starts to any point she is "dar already."

FROM Commerce to Helena the river is cut up badly, particularly at Shoo Fly, eighteen miles above Helena. From there down to Lielands the river is in tolerably fair shape, there being seven and a half feet of water at Lielands, and according to what Pilot Tom Jones, of Louisville, says, there is seven and a half feet at Lakeport. The river continues thence in good condition until arriving at Baleshead, seventy-five miles above Vicksburg. Col. Pell and Ed. Ostrander, pilots of the Paris C. Brown, report seven and a half feet with the lead, but the J. M. White failed to get over the bar.

A PITTSBURG telegram of the 19th says: Good authority reports 10 inches in the channel, shoalest places; 2 inches below the gauge in Oil City, 2½ feet in Brownsville, and 1 foot 10 inches at Rice's Landing. Cloudy and warm; threatening rain. Capt. J. L. Rhoads, who returned from Brownsville today, represents heavy rains there on Saturday and some yesterday, Capt. G. W. Thompson, who has been here for a week, expects to return to Cincinnati to-morrow. Dr. Joel Kerr, well known in river circles from his many years' service with his craft, and who is down with the small-pox, is reported as getting along as well as could be expected.

THE City of Helena is now one of the finest boats of the famous Vicksburg Anchor Line. She has been docked, thoroughly repaired and to some extent remodeled, so as to resemble the new boats of the line. The office has been changed from the front to the side of the hall; the rooms in the ladies' cabin have been opened into suites and elegantly fitted up, and, in brief, nothing has been left undone that could add to the elegance and comfort of the boat. The docking was done by Prof. Morse, painting by Mullen & Hoppius, furniture by Martin Lammert, and tableware from the company's own store. Barr & Co. supplied the curtains, lambrequins, etc. The City of Helena takes her departure for Memphis this evening. Flam Calvert master, Geo. O. Walton clerk. Wm. Tracy is steward.

BIGGEST THING OUT—We have it from what we consider good authority that the barge lines in this city have made up their minds to consolidate. The towboats consist of the following noted boats: Iron Age, Ironsides, Iron Duke, Atlantic, Baltic and Pacific. These boats are new and have been built regardless of expense. They have immense power and are furnished with the electric light, in fact all that money could furnish and ingenuity suggest has been supplied. These boats stand unrivaled. The consolidation owns over one hundred first-class barges besides several building. When you talk about towboats and barges we don't want you to forget Pittsburg. One, the Atlantic, is not finished. Her power consists of 26 inch cylinder with 9 feet stroke.—[Pittsburg Times, September 16.

Wilbor's Cod-Liver Oil and Lime.—Persons who have been taking Cod-Liver Oil will be pleased to learn that Dr. Wilbor has succeeded, from directions of several professional gentlemen, in combining the pure oil and lime in such a manner that it is pleasant to the taste, and its effects in lung complaints are truly wonderful. Very many persons whose cases were pronounced hopeless, and who had taken the clear oil for a long time without marked effect, have been entirely cured by using this preparation. Be sure and get the genuine. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists.

WANTED—ROOMS.

THE Westminster is the best base-burner in the world. For sale by John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A TRUSTWORTHY young attorney desires a furnished room. Rent reasonable. Would prefer to pay rent with professional services. References excellent. Address A. 16, this office.

A PLAINLY furnished room; to pay for same in music lessons on organ. A 1, A 20, this office. 19

FURNISHED room wanted in vicinity of Tenth and Olive for two young men. Apply to Hawkins, Sixth and Olive streets, third floor.

ONE or a suite of handsomely furnished rooms, small family, no children. References exchanged. Apply at 2323 Olive. 19

WANTED—A lady and gentleman want a handsomely furnished suite of sleeping-rooms, with board, where there will be no other boarders, in a quiet and retired locality. We will be permanent, and attend strictly to our own affairs, and will pay reasonably for such accommodations as we desire. Address, with particulars, R. 10, this office.

WANTED—Immediately in southern or western part of the city, in a nice locality, part of a house, unfurnished, with modern improvements. Address G. 89, this office.

WANTED—A furnished room with board in a nice family, between Twentieth and Thirteenth, Clark av. and Washington av., for a young man; would not object to a room-mate; am willing to pay $5 per week if suited. Address R. L. Rhines, 2022 Walnut st.

FOR SALE.

$5,000 Children's school shoes at 50 cents on the dollar. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. Fifth street.

A GENTLE buggy horse for sale very cheap. Inquire Scott & Lynch stables, Elm between Fourth and Fifth streets.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 713 Pine.

FOR SALE—A valuable patent right. Will sell States, counties or cities. This is worth investigating, as the most advantageous terms will be given. Address D. 39, this office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—The furniture and bedding in a well-furnished room, corner Eighth and Olive. Inquire at St. Louis Tea Co., 106 N. Fifth street.

FOR SALE—The finest assortment of wall paper, window shades, picture frames and albums, at lowest prices, at 1114 Franklin avenue.

FOR SALE—The patent of the Excelsior Reinforcer in its entirety. Patented May 31, 1881. Sold only for want of means to carry it on. Call or address H., 511 Walnut street.

FOR SALE—First-class route on the POST-DISPATCH, also horse and wagon. Apply at 2205 South Tenth street.

FOR SALE—A good, paying route on the POST-DISPATCH. Apply at 2807 N. Tenth street. 20

FOR SALE—Stock of a nice little cigar store; room and fixtures for rent. Call at 115 N. Sixth street.

TO Bakers and Confectioners—$1,500 will buy confectionery, restaurant and bakery with furnace and oven, all new; no other oven in the city. Address P. O. Box 75, Fredonia, Kas.

WANTED—BOARD.

THE Westminster is the most elegant-looking stove in the world. For sale by John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A LADY wishes board in a nice private family in exchange for instruction to children during evening; can also give lessons in music. Ad. A. B., this office. 17

BOARD for one or two persons in exchange for a handsome piano. Address D. 88, this office. 19

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED in a first-rate business, with about $1 000. Address A. 62, this office.

WANTED—Partner, a young man with little cash and well acquainted in city. Call at 115 North Sixth street. 19

STEAMBOATS.

"NOTICE TO SHIPPERS SOUTH."

On and after Monday, 29th, no freight will be received on St. Louis and Vicksburg Anchor Line wharfboat after 5 o'clock p. m.

JNO. A. SCUDDER.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line.

For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg, Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. GOLD DUST.....McCord, Master
Will leave on Thursday, Sept. 22, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis, leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. CITY OF HELENA.....Calvert, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.
For New Orleans
Str. GILMORE and Barges.
Leaves Thursday, Sept. 22, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Ft. Agt.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.
The Magnificent Steamer.
BELLE OF SHREVEPORT.
Coghill, Master.....Rockwell, Clerk
Will leave wharfboat foot of Market st. Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
For Keokuk, St. Paul and all way landings.
Str. WHITE EAGLE.....Burke, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 4 p. m.
GEM CITY.....Thompson, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 4 p. m.

For Keokuk.
Str. BALD EAGLE.....Wm. Leyhe, Master
Leaves Thursday, Sept. 22, 4 p. m.

Excursion tickets to all cool northern resorts; privilege of returning by river, rail or lake.
Freights contracted at low rates to all points North.
For through rates, freight or passage, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street. JENKINS & SASS, Agts.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and fast passenger packets
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, and St. Paul.
Str. LIBBIE CONGER.....Boland, Master
Leaves Friday, Sept. 23, 4 p. m.
From Diamond Jo wharfboat, foot of Washington av. Excursion tickets to all cool Northern resorts, with privilege of returning by river, lake or rail. T. J. BUFORD, Agt.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cape au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont.....Master.
Leaves Wednesdays, and Saturdays, 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Illinois River.

REGULAR NAPLES PACKET.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montazuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples and all way landings.
Str. MATTIE BELLE.....Ball, Master
Leave Mondays and Thursdays at 4 p. m., from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.

Missouri River.

For Washington, Hermann, Portland and all way landings.
Str. PHIL E. CHAPPELL,
A. S. Bryan, Master.....Loucks, Clerk
Leaves Saturday, Sept. 24, 4 p. m. foot Morgan st. JENKINS & SASS, Agents, No. 508 N. Commercial.

HO! PICNIC OR HUNTING PARTIES.
The beautiful little steamer CLARA can be chartered for picnics, moonlight excursions, etc. P. F. Manion, corner Morgan and Levee.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY.
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

IN buying the Westminster you will save 30 per cent of fuel. For sale by John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A GOOD girl to do general housework at 205 South Fifteenth st. 20

A RELIABLE girl for general housework, Swede or German preferred. Apply 1125 Compton avenue. 21

A GOOD girl wanted for general housework. Call at No. 2828 Salina street. 21

A GOOD girl for general housework. No Washing. Good wages. 1548 Chouteau avenue. 21

A GOOD dressmaker and an apprentice wanted at 2735 Mill street. 17

A GOOD seamstress wanted at No. 5 North Eighth. 17

A GOOD cook at 1124 Olive street at once. 17

GERMAN girl, good cook, wanted. Apply to 3015 Locust street. 19

GIRLS wanted to work in the kitchen at Lindell Hotel Apply to the chief cook.

THE "WORKING WOMEN'S UNION" is no individual concern; it is incorporated and responsible. Reliable help furnished to patrons at home or abroad. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 103 N. Ninth street.

WANTED—At 815½ Wright street, a girl to finish pants. 21

WANTED—A girl 14 to 18 years old to help take care of children. Call at 802 N. Second street for information. Dolton Bros. 21

WANTED—A German woman to cook—at 3015 Locust st. 21

WANTED—Good wages to a first-class German girl to cook and do general housework. 2533 Steddard st. 21

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a family of three. Inquire at 3531 Lindell ave. 21

WANTED—At 2032 Eugenia street, girl to cook and do general housework; good wages given. 21

WANTED—Six first-class dressmakers and two apprentices. 911 Olive street. 20

WANTED—Young German girl about 18 years old to care for three rooms; family of three persons. Apply 506 Olive street, rooms 10 and 11, from to 10 a. m. 21

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; German preferred; good wages paid for No. 1 servant. 3102 Easton avenue. 21

WANTED—A girl for general housework immediately at 2823 North Ninth street. 21

WOMAN to cook, wash and iron. Colored preferred. Apply 3008 Olive st. 19

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 3014 Laclede avenue. 19

WANTED—Girl to do housework and wash for family of three; good wages. Apply 2016 Olive street. 19

WANTED—Girl to do general housework; small family; good wages. 3216 Chestnut street 19

BOOKS.

THE Westminster hard coal stove takes the lead. For sale by JOHN RINGEN & CO., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

SCHOOL BOOKS—Bargains in new and second-hand school books at Archer's, 205 N. Sixth st. Books exchanged.

MUSICAL.

TO keep warm buy the Westminster hard coal stove from John Ringen & Co., 704 and 707 N Fourth street.

100 PIANOS WANTED FOR CASH AT BARREIRAS', 11TH AND OLIVE.

BOARDING.

SECOND-STORY front room and board; western location; private family. Address B. 2, this office

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS wanted every where. Cheapest house for picture frames, mouldings, etc. American Art Co., 801 Pine street.

PERSONAL.

IF you want to buy a hard coal base-burner see the Westminster at JOHN RINGEN & CO.'S, 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

DANCING—Prof. Wyatt, St. Louis, rapid teacher of dancing, location at Central Hall, southwest corner of Eleventh and Olive st.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

IN human hair and fine hair goods the finest and most artistic display in the city, including the most attractive and real water wave, can be seen at De Donato's emporium, Olive and Sixth streets.

LADIES! do not miss the opportunity of looking at the fine display of hair goods and real water waves in the show window of De Donato, Olive and Sixth streets.

MAD. CAMILLE ST. JOHN, Egyptian Fortune-teller, 716 South Fifth st.

PERSONAL—Dr. Smith treats females only. Boarding during confinement. If in trouble call or write. 1412 Franklin ave. Established 1869.

PERSONAL—A lady would like a gentleman or lady with the requisite capital to assist her in the publication of two works recently completed. Ad. Mrs. A. Augusta Davis, this office.

PERSONAL—The pet dog of the ladies, French white silk poodles, without any fault, are still a few for sale at 727 S. Sixth, 2d floor, near Gratiot street.

PERSONAL—Cheapest house for picture frames, mouldings, etc. American Art Co., 801 Pine street. Agents wanted.

THE finest and most artistic work in hair goods; the largest stock of real water waves of every description in the city, if not in the West, and the most moderate prices, at De Donato's, Sixth and Olive streets.

THE
MACERATOR

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

FOR RENT.

THE Westminster hard coal stove is guaranteed to be satisfactory. For sale by John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

Dwellings.

916 GARRISON AVE.—For rent, handsome 3-story stone front, 11 rooms, modern conveniences. Rent $1,000 per annum. Possession May 1. P. J. COMSTOCK, 402 North Fourth street.

FOR RENT—New cottage hotel and saloon at Creve Coeur Lake, opposite railroad depot. Apply to Chas. A. Loring, 415 Chestnut street 21

TO rent immediately, two farms located on Black River, Reynolds county, Mo., with good land and splendid spring water. Address Peter Masson, Westfork P. O., Reynolds county, Mo. 21

Rooms.

1009 GRATTAN ST.—Pleasant 2d-story room, suitable for one or two gents, also 3d-story room, neatly furnished. 16

1010 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished room with or without board. 17

1525 OLIVE—Very desirable front and back rooms, large and single, with every modern convenience.

1825 OLIVE—Handsomely furnished rooms with board for two gents; breakfast and late dinner. 20

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Pleasant room to one or two gents with breakfast and supper. 19

2633 OLIVE—Board and unfurnished rooms, suites and single, for those only who want first-class.

DESIRABLE furnished or unfurnished rooms at No. 3 South Twenty-first st.

FOUR rooms, unfurnished, suitable for small family; new house. Apply at 1911 North Fourteenth street. 20

FOR RENT—With good board, a third-story front room, nicely furnished in West End suitable for two gents, at $20 per month each. Address D. 68, this office. 20

FOR RENT—Two rooms and kitchen comfortably furnished for house-keeping; all conveniences. Southeast corner Twenty-first and Cass avenue. 20

FOR RENT—Part of a room in the most prominent business center of Fourth street. Address D. 57, this office.

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished second story front room at No. 920 North Twentieth street.

FOR RENT—To parties without children, a nice suite of unfurnished rooms on the third floor. 103 N. Ninth st.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms at 816 and 814 N. Eighth st. 21

FOR RENT—Three elegant rooms on second floor, with water and gas, convenient to three street car lines, to a family without children. Enquire at 913 North Market street.

HOTEL FOR RENT—Furniture for sale. House is doing good business; is the principal hotel in city; possession given at once; other business must have my attention. E. S. Wilhite, St. Charles, Mo.

IN private family, second-story suite or single rooms, with board; all conveniences. Address House, this office. 19

NICELY furnished rooms at 2121 Walnut st. Good board in neighborhood. 19

NEATLY furnished room for rent and also room mate wanted. Reference exchanged. Address D. 81, this office.

ROOMS for rent furnished or unfurnished, with board, at 1428 Olive street. 19

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

2 good carpenters wish to get a job in the country. Understand their business; would like to work for some real estate agent. Add. A. 23, this office.

A PRACTICAL book-keeper wants a situation. Habits regular; good city reference given. Address H. J. Miller, this office 21

A YOUNG man wishes a situation at almost anything. Address A. 73, this office. 19

BOY wants a situation as feeder for treadle press. Address C. K., this office. 21

BY a man of 35, some kind of employment; good penman and good business education; will do anything and work cheap. Address D. 9, this office. 20

BY a middle-aged Englishman, married, no small children, a situation as gardener; can give first-class reference. Address T. W. T., Grand avenue, between Arsenal and Rappahannock sts. 20

BOY desires a situation in some office; good penman and quick at figures; reference if required. Address A. 82, this office. 20

BY an apprentice of 18 months' experience at the printing business, a steady situation at once. Address G. 68, this office 19

COMPETENT printer would like to take entire charge of a country newspaper. Address G. 10, this office. 17

MIDDLE-AGED man who understands the care of horses, fruit and flowers desires a situation. Address D. 12, this office. 19

MIDDLE-AGED Englishman, well educated and good address, lately arrived from the old country, desires employment as assistant book-keeper or collector. Address H. M., Grand avenue, between Arsenal and Rappahannock sts. 20

SITUATION—Wanted by a man as shipping clerk, porter; is not afraid to work. Salary is no consideration. Address D. 8, this office. 20

SITUATION wanted by a No. 1 carriage woodworker in the country; Illinois preferred; steady and strictly sober. State price. E. T. J., Belleville, Ill., care of DR. W. West. 17

WANTED—Situation for some light indoor work by a boy of seventeen; printing business preferred; been at the business two years. Address A. 33, this office 20

WANTED—Position as wholesale clerk or penman. Address P. O. box, 501 East St. Louis. 20

WANTED—A situation as shipping or receiving clerk in a well established grocery house; best of references. Address F. M., care E. L. Belding & Co., Second and Olive. 19

WANTED—Sit. by young man; speak up and be quick about it, for I shall not dwell; has had ex. in dry goods and grocery biz. Ad. Oliver Virdell, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—A situation in a dry goods store, by a young man of good moral habits; best of references; wages no object. Address D. 52, this office 21

WANTED—Situation to learn barber trade; had six months' experience; will work for board and wash; good reference from present employer. Address T. Keyworth, Box 208, Marissa, Ill. 21

WANTED—Employment by single man with good refs. to drive delivery wagon or work about house, take care of one or two horses and make himself generally useful. Address H. 38 this office.

YOUNG MAN of 18 wishes a situation in some large house to learn book-keeping. Salary no object. Address D. 13, this office. 21

YOUNG MAN wants a position as steward in hotel or restaurant. Understands the business. Address H 47, this office. 21

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HELP WANTED MALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTER hard coal stoves were sold during last year. JOHN RINGEN & CO., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

2 GOOD house painters wanted at 1829 Montgomery street. Wm. Glynn. 20

A GOOD hostler can procure steady employment and good wages at A. Kron's, 2122 N. Fourth street. 19

BUGGY-WASHER wanted at 918 Pine st. 19

DRIVER wanted for Moeser's city express; a young man

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

The POST-DISPATCH has a LARGER CITY CIRCULATION, on each day of publication, than ANY OTHER PAPER published in St. Louis. Advertisers are at all times welcome to call and satisfy themselves of the strict accuracy of this claim.

Statement of Circulation.

ST. LOUIS, September 17, 1881.

I solemnly swear that the following is a true and correct statement of the actual bona fide circulation of the DAILY POST-DISPATCH for the days mentioned:

Saturday, September 10	18,028
Monday, September 12	17,420
Tuesday, September 13	17,728
Wednesday, September 14	17,724
Thursday, September 15	17,672
Friday, September 16	17,624
Total, six days	106,148

Average daily circulation, 17,691 copies.

JOHN M. MCGUFFIN, Business Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me the day and year above written.

(Seal.) I. G. KAPTNER, Notary Public City of St. Louis.

Commission expires July 7, 1885.

NEXT Monday, the day appointed for the interment of the dead President, there will be an entire suspension of business in St. Louis.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR is a widower. He should select some fair Western lady to assist him in the management of the White House.

GEN. GRANT and President ARTHUR were arm in arm yesterday and were traveling together between Long Branch and New York last night. There is significance in this.

THERE are 15,000 homeless people in Northern Michigan—the victims of the late forest fires—and a cold winter is coming on. These people appeal to the sympathies of the whole country and they should not be neglected.

OUR dispatches give to-day the details of the transfer of Mr. GARFIELD'S remains to the National Capital. Sadness and sorrow fill the land and spontaneous tributes from every quarter tell how deeply the tragic taking off of the President has touched the Nation's heart.

THE Chicago *Times* is indignant over the charge that Chicago has been unmindful of the claims of the Michigan burnt district. It admits, however, that the response has not been adequate to the demands, and forgets to tell us exactly what the windy city has really done for her suffering patrons in the Northwest.

THERE is considerable talk about an extra session of Congress or the Senate. There is no more need of one than there is a convention of knife-grinders at the foot of Bunker Hill Monument, unless MR. ARTHUR is anxious to begin wielding patronage. The offices are all filled and the country is sailing smoothly.

THE duel between those Virginia "gentlemen of honah," WISE and LEWIS, was a bloodless affair. LEWIS sent a bullet into the ground several feet in front of his antagonist and the spared monument magnanimously discharged his pistol into space. The Readjuster and Debt-Payer have readjusted and all is well. WISE is a nephew of the old fire-eating Governor. The veteran seems to have left his trail over the State to a considerable degree.

THIS is a great country. We have for President a man who was fifteen months ago a mere city politician with no ambition beyond running a Custom-house and levying contributions on wayfarers. And yet RICHARD WHITTINGTON, who rose to be the wise ruler of the city of London through the instrumentality of a cat, was a person of humble origin and modest desires in his day. Brewers' sons, like CROMWELL, and camel-drivers, like MAHOMET, have shown themselves possessed of great executive ability in emergencies and Mr. ARTHUR may yet prove an ornament to our Presidential roster.

THE friends of GOV. CRITTENDEN have been trying to capture the powerful State organ—the Jefferson City *Tribune*. They grabbed thirteen shares of stock the other day, but the bold editor proclaims that he is still at the crank and that he will continue, while reason holds its seat in his distracted globe, to make it torrid for the Governor. His grievance is that the Governor appointed too many Republican notaries for the city of St. Louis, which, by the way, is regarded as one of the best features of his administration.

THE proposition to raise Mrs. GARFIELD a fund through small popular contributions is a good one. Mr. GARFIELD left an estate worth only $25,000, heavily mortgaged. He had a good insurance on his life. The Government will, of course, pay the bills of the physicians and the extraordinary expenses attending the care of the President, for he fell in the service of the country and in the line of duty. The position of Mrs. GARFIELD will entail considerable outlay. She has a family of five children, and the citizens of the Republic should see that no harm comes to them. It should be borne in mind, however, that a number of wealthy gentlemen in the East contributed some time ago $150,000 to the relief of Mrs. GARFIELD, and recent subscriptions have increased the sum considerably.

WE must confess that GOV. CRITTENDEN'S administration of State affairs has not, as a whole, met with our approval. On the contrary, quite the reverse. It affords us pleasure, however, to commend the appointment of Mr. JOSEPH H. MCENTYRE to the Oil Inspectorship for St. Louis. By this act the Governor has shown that he knows a good man when he sees him and he has given a slight intimation that he has not forgotten the men in St. Louis who elevated him to the Governorship. The appointment of Mr. MCENTYRE will do much to allay the hostility which was manifesting itself toward the Governor in this city. It will be all the more gratifying because one of the young KNAPPS had sniffed the oleaginous character of the office and was prowling around in the neighborhood of it.

IMMEDIATELY after the shooting of President GARFIELD we took the ground that the wound was mortal and we claimed all along that the sufferer was being kept alive by artificial means in the hands of science. The autopsy held yesterday shows that we were correct. The ball of the assassin was found lodged and encysted just below the pancreas, about two inches and a half to the left of the spine and behind the peritoneum. It had fractured the eleventh rib and had passed through the spine. The location of the ball, as will thus be seen, was altogether unknown to the surgeons. That which they mistook for the track of the bullet was only a channel forced by the pus from the wound. The gentlemen who criticise the eminent surgeons who had charge of the case, and glibly arraign them for incompetency and extra timidity, will be able to form some idea now as to what would have occurred if an attempt had been made to cut out the ball immediately after the shooting. To cut blindly into the abdomen of a man in quest of an unlocated ball is not very highly recommended by any code of practice that we happen to be familiar with.

EXCHANGE NOTES.

Membership Wanted—Banquet Postponed—A Reaction.

A late telegram from one of the leading cotton houses of New York states that the reason for the advance in cotton is that the mills of England have been unable to agree upon short time. It seems that these spinners undertook to break the market down by agreeing to run their mills on short time, but orders on most of them to: goods were so large and at such assured profits that there was no concert of action to be had and their scheme fell through.

It has been publicly stated by certan parties on the floor that certificates of membership to the Exchange could easily be purchased for $50. Jimmy Newell wants it stated that any member wishing to dispose of his membership for $125 can find a purchaser by applying to him at the Exchange door. He has had twelve applications for membership to him since the initiation fee was raised, that is, the applicants asked him to inform them when he knew of of a membership for sale.

"That banquet of the bears will again have to be postponed if this thing keeps up much longer, or higher, just as you're a mind to call it," sadly remarked one who expected to be there. "And just think how nice we were working it up. There was Tom Aiken and Dave Francis as a Committee on Reception, and you bet they know who the shorts are. Then Al. Evans and Col. Humphreys were the Supper Committee, while Jim MacGinnitie and Charley Buckley were to attend to the liquors and cigars. We would have had a fine affair, but—"

A meeting of merchants and option clerks was held yesterday afternoon in the directors' room of the Exchange in response to a call for the purpose of organizing and establishing a clearing-house for the ringing up of deals, exchanging contracts, etc. After a thorough discussion of the object to be attained and an interchange of views, a committee, consisting of Phil. Shirmer, chairman, A. W. Evans, A. Davidson, J. T. Housman and Sid. R. Francis, was appointed to draft rules for the guidance of the clearing-house, and to report at another called meeting. These rules will not go before the Exchange to be voted upon, but will probably be adopted by the common consent of the operators in options.

"I don't know what they are going to do with their grain here," said a prominent elevator man. All the markets are getting crowded for room—New York, Baltimore, Chicago, Toledo—and will go into winter storage with full elevators, as we will here, unless we have an open river all winter. There are not enough buyers here now to move out the grain that is here, and the river is too low anyway, as it might be if the river was open this winter. I've seen it warm enough here, so warm, in fact, that the corn coming in could have the water wrung out of it. That Iowa corn now coming in is in bad condition, and has been for a month. We have to thaw it out every fifteen days. We haven't shut down yet, for we do all up, and we run all night turning this corn to keep it in shape. Of course this increases our expenses, and we might save this by posting the corn as they did wheat in Chicago, but we don't want to do that."

The reaction set in with a vengeance today. There was a clearing away of the clouds of depression that have enveloped the markets as in a pall and a lifting up of prices that made the bulls caper with joy. Their bellowings were clear and resonant, effectually drowning the mild growlings of the bears, who were so taken by surprise at the unexpected turn to affairs that they lost all their nerve in the first round. A few of them came up smiling, though groggy, and weak about their underpinning, but they were speedily sent to grass and finally threw up the sponge. It was a strong day all along the line—wheat, corn, oats, provisions and cotton joining in the boom. The advance was generally ascribed to large buying orders, as stated several times in the POST-DISPATCH, a great many speculators having been standing aloof waiting for the President to die, when they intended to come in and buy. This they did, the consequence being a sharp demand that sent prices up rapidly. Besides this, however, the tenor of cables from across the water was more encouraging, cotton alone advancing an eighth penny. Col. Jerome Hill did not appear satisfied with the advance in cotton. He said: "Cotton hasn't gone up any. Wheat and corn have advanced 70 per cent. Hogs are up 100 per cent, and cotton only 5 per cent higher, and that with a short crop. Draw your own conclusions."

Legal Notes.

Robert W. Jones and Schuyler R. Barnett were admitted to practice to-day in the Federal Court.

Judges McCrary and Treat sat in the United States Circuit Court to-day hearing motions, etc. The court-room is heavily draped in mourning.

The suit of the Third National Bank against James W. Harrison et al. was before the U. S. Circuit Court to-day on the motion to dismiss. A jurisdictional question is involved in the matter.

In the Collector's bond case, United States against Dan Able and Nathan Hoffheimer, bondsmen of Collector Saunders of Tennessee, a jury was waived to-day and leave given by the court to answer in sixty days. The Government wants $51,768 43 from these bondsmen on account of a default.

A damage suit for $2,000 was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by William Roach against Peter J. Peters. Roach alleges that he was knocked down in the street and run over by Peters' horse and buggy.

Underwriter's Sale.

For account of whom it may concern—Stock of meats and grease. The stock of meats and grease saved from the fire at Hateley's Packing-house, Chicago, Ills., will be offered at public sale at the packing-houses of Jones & Stiles, and John Cudany, at the Union Stock Yards, Chicago, on Thursday, September 22d, at 3 o'clock p. m. The meats consist principally of Short Ribs, estimated at about one and a half million pounds. The Grease is estimated at three thousand tierces more or less. Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at that time.

MCGEOCH, EVERINGHAM & CO.,
WALTER LEWIS.

Train for Stock Yard leaves the Michigan Southern Depot, Chicago, at 2:15 p. m.

Mr. W. C. Steigers

Will call on merchants desiring information on rates for advertising, etc., in POST-DISPATCH.

Extra Edition.

6 P. M.

TOTALLY BURNED.

Two Blocks Between Clark Avenue, Walnut, Ninth and Tenth Destroyed.

The Collier White Lead Works Again Food for the Flames.

Over Fifty Houses and a Hundred Families Burned Out.

The Loss Considerably Over Half a Million of Dollars.

The double block between Walnut and Clark avenue and Ninth and Tenth streets was burnt out this afternoon at a loss of over half a million dollars. The fire caught from the ash heap of one of the frame houses on Ninth and Walnut and rapidly burnt south into the oil-filled warehouses and the corroding-houses of the Collier Lead and Oil Co,, whose loss alone is more than a quarter of a million dollars. The Fire Department seemed to experience great difficulty in getting the fire under control, and the management of the fire is complained of most bitterly by the Collier Company.

THE SOUTH SIDE.

Before the alarm was sounded a reporter was at the starting point and viewed the progress of the blaze. About a hundred persons were in the vicinity at the discovery of the flames, and all realized the danger. The block was evidently doomed, no matter what efforts the department would make. M. N. Elzea's livery stable at Nos. 108 and 110 South Tenth street was the first building to take fire on the south side of the alley. Fifty horses were stabled on the ground floor, with several carriages, borouches, buggies and vehicles of all kinds. In the second story the feed was stowed. Deputy Marshal Sabini, Mr. Elzea and the stable hands were in the vicinity and quickly removed the horses and vehicles from the ground floor. Several sick horses receiving treatment were housed in the second story, with ten buggies and a number of barouches. These horses with some barouches and two buggies were saved, Mr. Sabini went up again but barely escaped with his life. Before he reached the ground floor the flames burst in from the rear, burning eight buggies and a lot of feed and hay. The flames spread down the alley side, sweeping down the tenement houses occupied by colored people on the west. About 150 feet from the north line of Clark avenue on the west half of the block the warehouses of the Collier White Lead Works begin. These houses were filled with linseed and castor oil. A number of workmen employed on the new Collier Works had their tools stored in this building and saved their property with trouble. About $100,000 worth of machinery for the new Collier Works was also stored in this building. This will almost be a total loss with the elevating and grinding machinery of the building itself. On the east half of the block, extending to within 200 feet of Walnut street, were located the corroding-houses, lead-casting shop, crushing machines and store-houses. A large amount of tan bark was piled about the corroding-houses and burned rapidly. A large amount of barreled oil was stored in the north end of the building near the casting and melting rooms, and burned immediately. At the Collier Company's office they were unable to estimate the loss. Everything is insured, but the amount and companies they could not say.

THE TENTH STREET SIDE.

The Tenth street side of the conflagration while at first tame, rapidly became the seat of some of the most brilliant maneuvers of the fire. The alarm was struck at 3 o'clock and it was not until half past three that the Tenth street side gave way utterly. The fire burned the heart of the block away before attacking the outer shell, and standing on one of the inner balconies of the Butterfield mansion one could look down into a whole hell of burning light, which threw out a fierce heat. The Tenth street side of the fire was quietly let burn by the authorities until it had gained such mastery that it was only possible to let it burn. The houses which are burned are Butler's blacksmith shop, No. 106. Loss $8,000; Elzea's stables, No. 108 and 110, loss $9,000; Madam Butterfield's house, No. 112, loss nearly total; No. 114, Mrs. Burcock; Nos. 118 and 120 and 122, negro tenements; No. 204 Morgan's dye house, loss $12,000, No. 206. Mrs. Limbold, and No. 208, Henry Schleichen; residences, total loss. Medler and Woollenbrook, No. 210, store burned out completely, the balance of the block was occupied by the Collier Works, which are all gone. As soon as the fire became general the people on the block began moving out their furniture, thus affording a gaudy picnic to the thugs and sneak-thieves who fairly swarmed about the place. At No. 210 it was discovered that a child was up stairs and after a heroic struggle it was rescued by a man named David Martin, who nearly paid with his own life for his bravery. It is believed that a man is still in the ruins of 210, as two men and a policeman are all who are known to have got out, while four surely went in. The loss on the west side alone was over a hundred thousand dollars, all of which could have been saved had the fire department paid attention to that part of the conflagration. The street was so covered with household furniture that the engines were much impeded when they did come. At 4 o'clock the fire had been confined to the limits of Walnut, Clark, Ninth and Tenth streets. The houses on Walnut will probably be saved, but the balance of the double block is utterly gone.

The Marine Insurance Company had $8,000 placed in the warehouse and bin department of the works. The entire insurance of the Collier works was placed in Martin Collins' agency.

THE EAST SIDE.

At 3 o'clock engine No. 6 with a single stream was on Ninth street, between Clark avenue and Walnut street, and was bravely trying to prevent the flames from crossing to the east side of the street. They held their position for a short time, when the intense heat compelled them to move to the corner of Clark avenue and Ninth street, where they are now endeavoring to save the smoking lumber yard opposite the Collier Lead Works from catching.

During the progress of the fire, Mrs. Mollie Dugan, a widow, who became separated from one of her children, attempted to run from Clark avenue to Walnut street, when she fell fainting upon the pavement about the center of the block. A couple of stalwart men assisted by a POST-DISPATCH reporter conveyed her to a saloon near by and bathed her face with ice-water, which soon revived her.

It was reported that one of the firemen had broken his leg while climbing into a building, but it was impossible to ascertain his name.

THE SUFFERERS.

The flames took hold of the sheds and colored tenements in the alley and were blown fiercely against the roof of the two-story brick dwelling extending along the south side of Walnut from the corner of Eighth street to the alley dividing the block. The row consists of six houses, each occupied by two families. At their rear were woodsheds and the usual porches that are the first thing to be doomed to destruction in the case of a spreading conflagration. The people in this row had hardly time to escape with their lives, let alone trying to save much furniture, and only the occupants of the first floors succeeded in saving anything. Several of the women living here were burned about the face and hands and there were one or two had a very narrow escape. The row is owned by Chouteau & Edwards, and Philip Gregory, who occupied one of the houses, pleased that portion of the row including the numbers from 900 to 904. The persons who were burned out are as follows:

No. 900 Walnut street was occupied on the first floor by John A. Madden, who lost considerable property; his stock was valued at about $500, and as far as could be ascertained he carried no insurance. Thomas Barry lived up stairs, and got out some of his furniture; no insurance.

No. 900½ Walnut was occupied by Mrs. Henry Hoffman on the first floor, and by Chas. Edwards, a printer, on the second floor. Mrs. Hoffman saved some furniture, but Edwards, who is a printer out of work, lost everything, and says $200 will not make good the loss. Edwards was not able to find his wife after the fire broke out, and was afraid she had been lost in the flames. This, however, could not have been possible under the circumstances, as the firemen made trips through all the rooms.

No. 902 Walnut—Philip Gregory occupied the first floor, and lost some of his household goods. The up stairs rooms were vacant.

No. 904 Walnut—Charles McCoy lived down stairs, and Peter Griffin up stairs. Both lost all their kitchen furniture.

No. 906 Walnut street—Mrs. Mary Keefe, a widow, lived down-stairs and Mrs. Patrick Condon up-stairs. Mrs. Keefe suffered some loss on furniture, and Mrs. Condon, in addition to losing the larger part of her possessions, was badly burned about the face and hands and had to be carried out of the room by two firemen.

No. 908 Walnut street—Christ Scholemeyer had the down-stairs floor and Mrs. Whitehead the second story. Mrs. Whitehead lost a great deal of her furniture, and her father, John Ogden, aged 80 years, having gone up-stairs to save something, was imprisoned by the fire and smoke, and would have perished had not Pat Conway and another member of the Pompier Corps carried him out of the front window to the ground by means of ladders. As it was the octogenarian had his head and face badly burned and was sent to the Dispensary.

No. 910 Walnut was occupied down stairs by Mrs. Thomas Rudd, who saved most of her furniture. The up stairs were vacant. The block between the alley and Tenth street had escaped up to the time of going to press.

No. 106 South Tenth street is a three-story brick, owned and occupied by Edward Butler as a horse-shoeing establishment and residence. The fire got into the back of this building. Some property had been thrown out of the front windows, but the bulk of Mr. Butler's property is doomed to destruction. He has his house, stock and household goods insured.

No. 108 and 110 Tenth street were the three-story stables known as the St. James, owned by M. N. Elzea & Co. The horses were removed early in the conflagration to Andy Brown's stable, and the vehicles were all gotten out. A colored man named Richard Hobbs had a room in the stable and got only his bedding. The building is owned by a Catholic priest, and Taaffe, Emerson & Co. were the agents. The stable proprietors lose feed, harness, etc., to a large amount.

No. 112 Tenth street was a three-story brick, occupied by Clara Stubblefield, who kept a house of ill-fame. Clara's parlor and first floor furniture were partly saved. All the rest was lost.

Number 114 was a two-story frame house, and occupied upstairs by Adolph Burkhardt, an employe of the Collier White Lead Company. The lower floor was rented by Dominick Stoll, who drives a wagon for the Mound City Mills Company. The house was owned by Mr. Aibley, the well known dairyman, and was fully insured.

No. 116 South Tenth street, a two-story frame house owned by Fred. Schulte, who had $2,000 insurance upon it.

No. 118 was an old two story frame shanty. It contained three rooms, two of which were situated on the ground floor and was occupied by two widow women, one named Mrs. Casey, who takes in washing, and the other named Mrs. Scanlan, who works at the Lindell Hotel and is also a washwoman. The top room was tenanted by still another widow—Eliza Rogers. Some furniture was saved by each. The house was owned by Mr. Schutze. No insurance on the furniture.

No. 200 South Tenth was a two-story frame, for which John Maguire was agent. Eliza Richards, colored, lived down-stairs and Mrs. Jessie Magee in the second story. Both families lost some furniture.

Probably a dozen colored families were driven from their shanties in the alley. The few who could save furniture piled it high on the Tenth street pavement.

The row between the alley and Tenth street was vacated by the score or more families who occupied them, and as the reporter left the scene at 4 o'clock were burning in the rear.

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE.

Some children playing in a stable in the rear of the tenement houses on Walnut ignited some straw with matches, and in an instant the entire building was in flames. The fire caught in the low, open sheds on the north side of the oil works and in less than twenty minutes from the time it was discovered the entire block was ablaze. It was possible to pass through the alley between the tenements and the works after the Fire Department arrived, and the management is seriously censured for not doing more effective work.

UNDER CONTROL.

At 4 p. m. the fire was under control and had now left the block. All the houses, save the row on Walnut street from Eighth to Ninth, are burned.

ACCIDENTS.

Mrs. Patrick Condon, living at No. 906 Walnut street, was badly burned about the face and hands.

Adam Wirth, foreman of No. 14, became overheated during the fire and had to be taken away to the Dispensary in an ambulance.

Mr. John W. Ogden, aged 80 years, had his head, face and hands severely burned and narrowly escaped death. He was in the second story of 908 Walnut when rescued by pompiermen.

REDUCED RATES.

—TO—

Funeral of President Garfield at Cleveland.

The funeral ceremonies of President Garfield will take place at Cleveland on Monday, September 26, at 2 p. m. The Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroads will sell round trip tickets at $12 to such as wish to attend. For time of trains, etc., call on Coffin and Wade, Agents, Grand Union office, corner Fourth and Pine streets.

Proclamation by the Mayor.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
MAYOR'S OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.

With profound grief I am called upon to announce officially the death of James A. Garfield, President of the United States, which sad event occurred at Long Branch on the 19th day of September.

In view of this untimely occurrence and to testify to the sorrow of our citizens, I, Wm. L. Ewing, Mayor of the City of St. Louis, do hereby direct that the flags on all public buildings of the city be displayed at half-mast from sunrise to sunset until, and including, the day of the funeral. I recommend and invite our citizens to drape their buildings in mourning and to continue the same for the space of thirty days; and I direct that all public buildings of the city be draped for the same period. Upon the day of the funeral, which may be designated hereafter, I direct that the public departments of the city government shall be closed; and I recommend and request a general suspension of business on that day on the part of the people of St. Louis.

In testimony whereof I have set my hand and caused the seal of the City of St. Louis to be affixed, attested by the Register this 19th day of September, 1881.

[Attest.] WM. L. EWING, Mayor.
NICHOLAS BERG, Register.

WHITE, PINK AND BLUE Satin Slippers, plain or Louis XV. heels, at Swope's, 311 North Fourth street.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., September 21, 1

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
6:07 a. m.	66.0	SE	Clear.
10:07 a. m.	84.8	S	Fair.
2:07 a. m.	96.3	S	Fair.
7:00 p. m	....	....	.....

Maximum temperature, 97.0.
Minimum temperature, 65.9.
River, 11 feet 7 inches.
Change, 0 feet 1 inch.

H. J. WARNE,
Sergeant Signal Service U. S. Army.

ABOUT TOWN.

A CALL is out for Theodore Sessinghaus to become a candidate for School Director in the Fourteenth Ward.

A BABY'S wrap was found in Forest Park Sunday afternoon. The owner can obtain the above named article by calling at the office of Hamilton, Brown & Co., corner of Fifth and Washington avenue.

MAYOR EWING will name the city officials and ten citizens who are to comprise part of the delegation going to Cleveland this afternoon or to-morrow morning. The delegation will leave here Saturday evening.

WILLIAM KAUFER, a saloon-keeper on Main between Primm and Tesson streets, was handling a revolver yesterday, when a cartridge exploded. The end of the first finger of the right hand was torn off by the discharge.

T. SUNDE is the regular carrier in the district bounded south by Biddle street, north by Cass avenue, east by Twentieth street and west by Jefferson avenue. He alone is authorized to collect subscriptions due on same.

THE Bee Line announces this morning a special rate—$12 for the round trip—for all persons attending the funeral of President Garfield at Cleveland on Monday. A Sunday morning train is run on this line, arriving in ample time for the funeral.

A MEETING of the various commanderies of Knights Templar will be called for to-morrow night at the Masonic Hall, Seventh and Market streets, to take action on the death of President Garfield, who was a prominent Mason and a member of Hamsalan Commandary Knights Templar, Washington.

No Water in the Vicinity.

Yesterday morning a frame stable owned by Beverly Snow, and situated on the west side of Grand avenue, between Illinois and Kansas streets, was destroyed by fire. No alarm was given, as there was no water in the locality. Loss, $400. Insured in American Insurance Company for $300. Cause of fire unknown.

No Murder.

The Coroner to-day investigated the death of the man whose body was found on Poplar street. Some theorists thought it a murder, but at the inquest to-day it was developed that the man was drunk and fell down, receiving the injuries that were supposed to have been inflicted by some red-handed murderer.

CITY PERSONALS.

J. M. Campbell has returned from a visit to his old home in Virginia.

Chief of Police Kennett is confined to his residence. He has been unwell for several weeks, but did not give up until yesterday, when he was unable to go to the Four Courts.

Mr. William R. Hayden, the manager of Mr. Thomas Keene, the tragedian, is in town. He leaves to-night for Cincinnati, where his star is playing.

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICANS.

The Governor and Entire State Ticket Renominated by Acclamation.

The Republican State Convention met with full delegations from all parts of the Commonwealth. Prominent among the delegates is Mary E. Livermore, of Melrose, the well-known advocate of female suffrage. The State Central Committee voted twice last night not to admit her to a seat, but this action created so much feeling and promised so strongly to raise an unpleasant discussion in the convention that the committee this morning reconsidered its decision and she was admitted. The convention was called to order by Charles A. Slatt, of Lowell, chairman of the State Central Committee. Prayer was offered by Rev. J. T. Lovering, of Worcester, chaplain-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. It was an earnest and feeling petition, its burden being the great calamity which the nation has sustained. A permanent organization was secured by the choice of Representative W. W. Crapo as president together with a long list of vice-Presidents and Secretaries. On taking the chair Crapo delivered a thoughtful address in which he canvassed in a thorough manner the existing situation. Though the Convention listened with the closest attention to the address of the Chairman Crapo there were no manifestations of approval or disapproval until he came to a discussion of the civil service question. Then his declaration that appointments to office should not be made at the request of Members of Congress, or in response to petitions was greeted with some applause. The speaker toward the close made a feeling allusion to the death of President Garfield, which was listened to with an evident feeling of mournful solemnity. His final utterance bespake the confidence and sympathy of the people for President Arthur and to this there was an instantaneous and very hearty response. Immediately after the close of Crapo's address Geo. B. Loring moved that Gov John D. Long and the entire State ticket be renominated by acclamation, which motion was carried amid great enthusiasm.

The Assassin.

GUITEAU IN HIS CELL.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—Everything at the jail is quiet this morning. Guiteau is described as being somewhat restless, but alternately reads and writes. He is thought to be engaged in writing his reflections on the shooting and the President's death. It is generally thought by those who have examined the statutes that Guiteau cannot be convicted of murder under the district laws and Col. Corkhill is now said to entertain that opinion.

GUITEAU MAY BE TRIED IN NEW JERSEY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 21.—The best lawyers here are still in doubt whether jurisdiction to try Guiteau lies in the District of Columbia or in New Jersey. Some of the ablest lawyers say the New Jersey authorities are perfectly right in taking steps to put the death of the President legally on record; that though the shot was fired here death from the effects of the shot must be proved, and if any links in the chain of evidence are wanting Guiteau can be tried only for assault with intent to kill. The United States Supreme Court only take jurisdiction of criminal cases on certification of difference of opinion from the lower courts, and, therefore, in order to try Guiteau the court must have original jurisdiction. Notwithstanding the District Attorney's emphatic statement yesterday that there is law enough here to try Guiteau, he cannot put his finger on the law, and it may be necessary to arraign Guiteau in New Jersey in order to properly punish him.

Germany.

CARLSRUHE, September 21.—The marriage of Gustavus, Crown Prince of Sweden, with the Princess Victoria, only daughter of the Grand Duke of Baden was solemnized yesterday. The King of Sweden and the Emperor of Germany conducted the bride, and the Duchess of Saxe and Queen Sophia of Sweden the bridegroom. The Crown Princes of Denmark and Germany were present.

THE VATICAN ENVOY.

BERLIN, September 21.—Herr Von Shloezer, special German envoy to the Vatican, has arrived here and has had an interview with Herr Von Gossler, Minister of Public Worship.

THE best styles and best make Patent Leather Pumps can be found at Swope's, 311 North Fourth street.

The Bar Memorial Meeting.

The adjourned memorial meeting of the bar to take suitable action upon the death of the President, was called to order to-day at 1 o'clock in the United States Court-room, John R. Shepley occupying the chair. There was a good attendance of the bar, including the senior members, and the jury seats were occupied by some of the judges of the State courts. John C. Orrick on the part of the Committee on Resolutions presented a fitting expression of the bar's sentiments in the hour of the nation's grief. Mr. Orrick supplemented a few touching remarks of his own alluding to the memory of the deceased President.

District Attorney Bliss moved that a committee be appointed to represent the St. Louis bar at the funeral of President Garfield at Cleveland on Monday. The motion was adopted and the following gentlemen were selected to attend the funeral: C. H. Krum, W. H. Bliss, J. A. Broadhead, John W. Noble and Preston Player. It was further resolved upon the adoption of the resolutions to forward a copy to Mrs. Garfield and to present them at every court of record in the city.

IN DEATH.

Continued from First Page.

10,000 people assembled here as the funeral train passed. The bells of the City Hall, Courthouse and fire companies tolled while the train was passing through the city.

HAVRE DE GRACE.

The train passed Havre de Grace at 2:32 p. m.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, September 21.—Funeral train passed here at 3:28

ARRIVED IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—The train bearing the remains of the late President Garfield arrived here 4:41.

ARTHUR WILL GO TO CLEVELAND.

ELBERON, September 21.—It is understood that President Arthur has determined to go through to Cleveland in company with the Cabinet. An additional guard has been placed about Franklyn Cottage for the purpose of preserving order while the remains are lying in state. Hundreds of people are arriving.

WAITING FOR THE REMAINS.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—This morning Adjutant-General Drum issued orders for the volunteer troops of the District of Columbia, under Commandant-General Webster, and U. S. marines and artillery, under Commanding General Ayres, to assemble at the depot of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad at 4 p.m. to receive and escort the remains of the late President to the Capitol. Orders were also issued for all officers of the army on duty at the War Department to assemble in full uniform and with mourning emblems upon the left sleeve at 4 p. m., at the Baltimore and Potomac depot. A similar order was issued by Rear Admiral Nichols, acting Secretary of the Navy, addressed to officers of the navy on duty in this city and at the Navy Department, to carry out the instruction of the Secretary of the Navy relative to appropriate marks of respect to the memory of the late President to be observed at all the navy yards, navy stations and on board all naval vessels. Until the arrival of the Secretary it will not be definitely decided who will constitute the naval escort from this city to Cleveland. Judge French, acting Secretary of the Treasury, issued the following order this morning:

As a token of respect to the late President James A. Garfield, the Treasury Department will be closed to public business at 12 o'clock (noon) to-day and remain closed during Thursday and Friday, September 22d and 23d. Similar instructions have been forwarded by members of the Cabinet for closing to public business their respective departments until Saturday, September 24.

THE SENATORS.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—Sergeant-at-Arms Bright, of the Senate, in response to his invitation has received answers from the following Senators expressing their intention to come here: Messrs. Hawley, Edmunds, Sewell, Bayard, Blair, Mitchell, Sherman, Jones, of Florida, Saulsbury and Hoar. They will all arrive before Thursday evening. Senators Morgan, Johnston, Ingalls, Garland, Pugh and McMillan are not in the city. Senator Platt's son telegraphs his father is in the Adirondack mountains and his health is too precarious to admit of the hurried journey necessary to be in attendance. Disparches are being constantly received by both Sergeants-at-Arms Bright and Thompson from members of the two houses of Congress announcing their departure for Washington.

GUARD OF HONOR.

The members of the Army of the Cumberland residing in Washington will act as a guard of honor to the remains while lying in state in the rotunda of the capital.

THE CATAFALQUE.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—The external mourning emblems at the Capitol are nearly complete, and, although not very elaborate or profuse, are arranged in perfect taste, and the black drapery contrasted with the white marble of the edifice forms a spectacle of sombre beauty rarely equaled. The rotunda is heavily draped almost to the top, and the gilt frames of the historical paintings are closely covered with crape. The catafalque which occupies the center of the rotunda with the head to the east, although simple and plain in accordance with the expressed wishes of the family, is of the finest material and very handsome. The base occupies a space twelve feet long by six and a half broad and about eight inches in height, covered with heavy black cloth. On this is placed the upper portion, six feet long by two and one half in width at the top and about two feet in height, increasing gradually in size. This portion is covered with black cloth arranged in vertical folds, with large bows of silk at the corners and heavy silk fringes around the edges. A silver moulding at the top completes the catafalque. The entrances to the halls of the Senate and House of Representatives are also tastefully decorated with emblems of mourning.

Public Grief.

GOTHAM'S STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, September 21.—The committee appointed at the meeting of the Stock Exchange yesterday to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the members regarding President Garfield reported this morning a series of resolutions, which were unanamously adopted, setting forth in feeling terms the deep sense of the loss the nation experienced and paying a glowing tribute to the memory of the deceased.

OHIO'S PREPARATIONS.

COLUMBUS, September 21.—Adjutant-General Smith to-day issued an order to all the batteries connected with the Ohio militia to fire minute guns next Monday at 2 o'clock. An order has been issued for Governor Foster's military staff to assemble at Cleveland next Monday. The Governor's guard and barracks band will leave for Cleveland Sunday night.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, September 21.—The Grand Army of the Republic of the State has been ordered to wear mourning on the arm for thirty days. The committee appointed by the City Government, consisting of his Honor Mayor Prince, Aldermen O'Brien and Curtis, President Barley, and Councilmen Hankman and Pray, leave at 4 o'clock to attend the obsequies of the President.

CLEVELAND'S SORROW.

CLEVELAND, O., September 21.—The general committee of arrangements appointed yesterday for the care of Garfield's remains met this forenoon in the Mayor's office to appoint a sub-committee for details and take preliminary action. The tender of the services of the combined German and ot other singing societies was accepted. A telegram was received announcing the desire of the Detroit Light Infantry to participate in the ceremonies. Secretary Lincoln telegraphs in response to the offer of the Cleveland troop which was Garfield's escort at the inauguration to escort the remains here that arrangements do not provide for any escort before reaching Cleveland. Memorial meetings are being held by all manner of religions, civil, military, secret and other societies. City flags are ordered to remain at half-mast, and city buildings draped for thirty days.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 21.—Commissioners of Charities and Corrections and the Park Commissioners to-day passed appropriate resolutions on the death of President Garfield. The former body detailed Commissioner Brennan to represent them at the funeral. The Maritime also took suitable action.

Gov. Crittenden Will Proclaim.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., September 21.—Gov. Crittenden is in receipt of telegrams from Gov. Geary, of Iowa, and others, seking co-operation in requesting the people of the various states for a general suspension of all business on the day of Garfield's funeral. Gov. Crittenden answers that he will do so as soon as the day is fixed.

Sympathy from Abroad.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, September 21.—The Land League at its weekly meeting passed a resolution of sympathy with the American people.

LONDON.

LONDON, September 21.—The Times has eleven columns of news relative to the death of President Garfield, surrounded with a mourning border. A crowded meeting was held at the London Good Templars' Lodge last night, Kegan Paul, publisher, presiding. Bishop Hood (colored) eulogized the late President. The Mayor of Liverpool and the French Consul of that city have written letters of sympathy to Mr. Packard, the United States Consul.

AT THE AMERICAN EMBASSY.

LONDON, September 21.—Among the callers yesterday at the American Embassy here were most of the representatives of foreign governments. Lord Derby, Mr. West, the newly appointed British Minister to Washington, and Bishop Simpson.

EUROPE.

LONDON, September 21.—Every hour increases the evidence that the present is the most remarkable demonstration of sympathy ever witnessed in Europe. Bells of the parish churches in various places in England are tolled, which is an unprecedented tribute to a foreign ruler. The municipal bodies of Leeds,

DEATH.

from First Page.

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places in England are
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Hartlepool, Falmouth and other places passed resolutions of condolence. A mourning flag was hoisted on Manchester Cathedral.

The provincial papers rival those of London in the expression of sympathy. The Manchester Guardian says: "To be cut off like Lincoln is less trying to the onlooker. His countrymen will best honor his memory by instilling upon the completion of the task he undertook. It is nothing to be able to say that Gen. Arthur's conduct since the lamented event has been admirable; he may disappoint alike the hopes of some of his friends and the fears of many of his enemies." The Liverpool Courier heads an article, "The Martyr President," and says: "We consider the most appropriate comfort to the American people are the words of Garfield himself at the time of the death of Lincoln, 'The Government at Washington still lives.'" The Liverpool Post says: "The man dies not in vain around whose deathbed are buried all dissension. The people's misgivings relative to Gen. Arthur are probably unjust to him, and certainly underestimate the good sense with which American public opinion uniformly controls the Executive."

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 21.—The morning papers, like those of last evening, unanimously eulogize the late President. The Republique Francaise says: "America has lost a head of the Government who could be reckoned among the most virtuous, and whose austere but gray and indomitable energy had a deep effect despite his short term."

GERMANY.

BERLIN, September 21.—At the American legation during the day there was an uninterrupted stream of verbal, written and telegraphic condolences, including many from the court, which is now at Carlsruhe for the wedding of the Crown Prince of Sweden.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 21.—The press is unanimous in expressions of condolence. The Correspondencia points to the efforts of President Garfield to reform the Administration and to the manner in which the public finances prospered during his term. The Epoca believes the event will have an important influence upon the future of America. The King has telegraphed condolence to Mrs. Garfield.

ITALY.

ROME, September 21.—The Government, on behalf of the King and people, and Cardinal Jacobini, the Papal Secretary of State, on behalf of the Pope, cabled their condolences to Mrs. Garfield.

The Opinione expresses sorrow at the frustration of President Garfield's programme by an assassin, but hopes and trusts that Gen. Arthur will follow in the footsteps of his predecessor.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 21.—All the papers published warm obituaries of the late President, dwelling upon his high personal qualities. They say Russia, whose heart is sensible of its own recent loss, feels profound sympathy for the great American nation, which has ever shown the same sympathy for Russia.

EDINBURGH.

LONDON, September 21.—Prince Teck has telegraphed Lowell condolence on behalf of himself and the Princess, his wife. The Lord Provost of Edinburgh sent a telegram to Lowell expressing deep sorrow on behalf of the corporation and community of Edinburghh.

SWITZERLAND.

BERLIN, September 21.—The Swiss Federal Council has sent a letter of condolence to the American Legation.

MEETING OF AMERICANS IN LONDON.

LONDON, September 21.—Lowell, the American Minister, has convened a meeting of Americans at 4 o'clock on saturday afternoon, at Exeter Hall, to express their grief and condolence with the afflicted family. Lowell will probably preside. The whole diplomatic corps have left cards at the American legation.

AUSTRIA.

LONDON, September 21.—The morning issues of the Vienna newspapers consider the death of the President a heavy blow to America.

The New President.

EN ROUTE TO ELBERON.

NEW YORK, September 21.—President Arthur left his house at 8 o'clock this morning for Elberon, where he will join the funeral train for Washington. He was dressed in mourning—his hat covered with a heavy black band. He was accompanied by his private secretary, Col. Reed, and private messenger, W. Alexander Powell. It is understood Gen. Grant will go by the same train. The President looked careworn and anxious.

Railroad Consolidation.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IA., September 21.—To-day the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs were consolidated, the C., B. & Q. taking charge and full control of all business at this point of the K. C. This was done as a matter of economy, it going away with several agents and a number of clerks. Mr. W. J. Davenport has been made General Western Agent of the consolidated lines. The arrangement goes into effect October 1st.

A CONFLAGRATION.

The Whole Block of the Collier White Lead Works Burning.

At the hour of going to press the Fire Department was called to the Collier White Lead and Oil Works, Ninth and Clark avenue, where a fire had broken out in the oil-room. The conflagration spread with alarming rapidity to the entire block, reaching back to the tenement property on Walnut street, between Ninth and Tenth streets. A second alarm brought out additional engines, and it was evident that the entire works and all the property surrounding it were doomed to destruction. The greatest excitement prevailed in the neighborhood, and Walnut street was rapidly filled up with the effects of the tenements.

(More Details in Later Edition.)

HEMPSEED.
New grass seeds and
SEED WHEAT, BILLINGSLEY & MANSON, 527 N. Second St.

SALT, LIME AND CEMENT.
M. D. HELTZELL & CO., 212 N. Main street.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis.
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Fluctuations of Leading Stocks

The following are the opening, highest, lowest and closing quotations of leading stocks in New York, as reported for the POST-DISPATCH by Fred. Von Phul, manager Public Stock Exchange, rooms 135, 137, 139 and 141 Chamber of Commerce:

Stock.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
D. & R. G.	90½	90½	88¾	88¾
St. Paul	*114⅝	*115⅛	*113⅛	114
Lake Shore	127	127½	125⅞	126
Michigan Central	95⅝	95⅝	94	94⅝
Erie Railway	46⅜	46⅜	45⅝	45⅞
Wabash and Pacific	51⅝	51⅝	50⅝	50⅞
do preferred	90⅝	90⅝	89½	89⅞
Central Pacific	92¾	93¼	92¼	92⅞
Union Pacific	123⅛	123⅞	122	122⅛
Northwestern	127	127	126⅛	126⅝
Western Union	88⅞	88⅞	87⅞	87⅞
Delaware, L. & W.	127	127	126⅛	126¾
New Jersey Central	97	97	95⅝	96⅜
Mo., K. & T.	41⅝	41¾	40⅝	40⅞
Ohio & Mississippi	45⅞	45⅞	44⅞	44⅞
Pacific Mail	51	51	50⅜	50⅝
Delaware & Hudson				
Missouri Pacific	106	107⅝	106¼	106⅝

*Ed dividend.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks, and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, September 21.—Money 4@6. Prime mercantile 5@6. Bar silver 112¾. Exchange steady at 81 long, 84½ sight. Governments strong and ½ higher. States inactive. Railroads dull. Stocks—After 11 o'clock the market became strong and prices rose ⅛@1⅝. Central Pacific, Denver and Rio Grande and Norfolk and Western preferred, and St. Paul and Omaha being the most prominent therein. There was a fractional reaction. 6s extended 101; 5s 101½; 4½s 113¼; 4s 117¼; Pacific 6s '95 130.

Rock Island	137¼	Mar. & Chi. first prfd.	17
Panama	†255	second prfd.	104½
Fort Wayne	140	R., C. R. & N.	†82
Pittsburg	†137	A. & T. B.	46
Illinois Central	133⅜	prfd	90
C., B. & Q.	161½	W., St. L. & Pacific	51½
Chicago & Alton	131	prfd	93½
prfd	159	Hannibal & St. Joseph	150
N. Y. Central	143½	prfd	8
Harlem	210	St. L. & San Fran.	45½
Lake Shore	126⅜	prfd	75
Canada Southern	65⅞	first prfd.	107
Michigan Central	96	C., St. L. & N. O.	78
Erie	46⅜	Kansas & Texas	41⅝
prfd	295	Union Pacific	123
Northwestern	127	Central Pacific	93½
prfd	138¼	Texas Pacific	38½
St. Paul	115	Northern Pacific	59½
prfd	120¾	prfd	79½
Del. & Lack.	†127½	Louisville & Nash	93¾
Morris & Essex	†124¼	Nashville & Chat.	88½
Del. & Hudson E. Div.	109½	L. & N. A.	70
N. J. Central	96⅜	Houston & Texas	92¾
Reading	66⅝	Denver & R. Grande	89½
Ohio & Miss.	44⅝	St. Paul & Omaha	96
prfd	†114	prfd	118
Chesapeake & Ohio	38⅜	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	43¾
first prfd.	44¼	American Union	
second prfd.	30	Memphis & C.	79
Mobile & Ohio	56½	Western Union	88⅝
Cleve'd & Col.	95⅜	A. & P. Telegraph	
C., C. & I. C.	22	Pacific Mail	50¾
Ohio Central	29	Adams	136
Erie & Western	55¼	Wargo	121
Peoria, D. & E.	41⅝	American	86½
Ont. & Western	31½	United States	67½
Ind., B. & W.	46½	Quicksilver	14
Marietta & Cin.		prfd.	60

*Bid. †Offered. ‡Ex div.

EWING HILL & CO
(Members New York Cotton Exchange),
BROKERS IN
COTTON
Grain and Provisions.
N. W. COR. MAIN AND CHESTNUT.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed promptly in all leading markets.

COMMERCE.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

FLOUR—Receipts 8,548 brls. Firmer and demand better in response to the advance in wheat. We quote: Fancy $7 25@7 60; choice $7 00@7 15; family 6 75@6 90; XXX $6 35@6 65; XX $5 85@6 00; X $5 50@5 75; superfine $5 15@5 05; fine $4 45@4 95; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Receipts 9,944 sks, 39,150 bu. Sharply higher and strong under an active demand and encouraging advices from other markets; considerable excitement and buoyancy in futures, with heavy sales for December. Cash quickly taken. No. 2 red by speculators and other grades by millers and shippers—this side to former and E. side for shipment. No. 2 red sold at $1 42½@1 43¼ cash; $1 43@ 143½ September, closing at $1 43¼; October at $1 42⅝@1 44⅛; November at $1 45⅞@1 46 to $1 47⅛; December at $1 48⅛ to $1 50⅝, closing at $1 50¾; for year $1 43 bid; No. 3 red at $1 30½@1 31¼ this, $1 31@1 32 E. side; No. 4 at $1 24½ this, $1 21½@1 25½ E. side; No. 2 Mediterranean at $1 41; No. 3 do at $1 31@1 31½, but later $1 32 bid this, $1 32¾ E. side; rejected salable at $1 12; No. 2 spring (soft and hard) at $1 29 cash; $1 30 October.

Corn—Receipts 2,320 sks. 86,000 bu. Higher and very stiff, with better markets elsewhere and a heavy demand developed. Cash active, order buyers and speculators buying No. 2, while rejected was wanted for shipment and rejected white mixed for milling. No. 2 mixed sold at 63¾@64½ cash, closing at 61½; Oct. at 64½@65¼; Nov. at 66¾@68; Dec. at 68@69½; May at 73¾@75⅞, closing at 75⅞; bids of 61½ for September and year; No. 2 white mixed at 72⅝@72⅝ cash; 74 October; 76½ December, 84 May; rejected do at 68@69½; rejected at 59@59¾ this, 59@60¾ E. side.

Oats—Receipts 2,631 sks, 55,200 bu. Stiff at an advance in sympathy with the other cereals: demand active and unsupplied. No. 2 sold for cash to a speculator at 41⅞@42; September at 42½; October at 42½@43¾; November at 44¾@45; December at 46⅞; year at 42—later 42¼ bid; May at 51@53; rejected at 41@43¾ in St. L. for order account; for No. 2 white 42½ bid.

Rye—Receipts 273 sks, 5,000 bu. Inactive demand at an advance. No. 2 sold at $1 06@$1 08¾ cash; $1 09¼ October; bids of $1 05 for September; $1 12 for November; $1 07 for year; rejected brought $1 06, and 106½ was bid for St. L.

Millfeed—Irregular, but selling well. Sacked bran sold at 97 f. o. b. and 92@94 at mill; bulk at 86@86½ E. track.

Hay—Receipts 588 tons. No choice on the market. Low grades weak, but moving fairly. Sales this side—Prairie $10 25@11; mixed $12 25@14 25; E. track—prime timothy $17 50.

Provisions swung into line with the other markets, advancing in price with a strong feeling and a much better demand prevailing. Holders were especially stiff. Standard mess pork sold at $19 50. Prime steam lard can be quoted at 12@12.05. Loose dry salt shoulders sold on basis of 7.90; long clear at 10.60; clear ribs at 10.70; short clear at 11, and boxed long clear at 10¾@10¾. Sales of packed bacon were at 11¾@11.65 for long clear and 12@12½ for short clear; shoulders worth 9¼ and clear ribs 11¾. C. S. C. hams 15½@14½c for summer made. Tallow 6¼@7c, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 13@14c. Grease 4¼@5 for brown, 5½@5¾c or yellow, 6¾@7¼c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00 per brl; family $7 25 per half-brl; dried 14¾@15½c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 50@1 55 per brl. Ground alum $1 25 per sack.

Highwines—Irregular. Sales: 81 brls at $1 15; 236 brls at $1 16. Cincinnati $1 14; Peoria $1 15; Chicago $1 16.

Lead—Soft Missouri firm and quiet at $5 12½.

Closing Prices—3:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—September $1 43¾ asked; October $1 44½; November $1 47⅞; December $1 50 asked; year $1 43 bid. Corn—October 65⅜; November 67⅝ bid; December 69; year 63¾ bid; May 75¼. No. 2 white mixed—September 72¼ bid; October 73 bid; November 75 bid; December 75¾ bid; May 83 bid. Oats—September 42½; October 43⅝@43¾; November 45½ bid; December 46¼ bid; year 42 bid; May 51¾@53 bid. Rye—September $1 07 bid; October $1 09½ bid; November $1 12 bid.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—September $1 29; October $1 30½@1¾; November $1 32¾@1¾; December $1 34¼; year $1 29. Corn—September 66½ bid; October 67½; November 66¾; December 67¾; year 66⅛; May 72¾. Oats—September 40¼ bid; October 40⅝; November 41¾; year 40⅜ bid; May 47¾. Rye—September $1 07½ bid; Oct. $1 08⅜; Nov. 1 11½. Pork—October $19 20; November $19 45; January $20 35. Lard—October 12 10; November 12 25 bid; January 12.60; February 12.72½@¾; March 12.82½. Short ribs—September 10.10 bid; October 10 22½ bid; November 10.17½; January 10.10 bid.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—Firm; Oct. $1 44; Nov. $1 47; Dec. $1 50.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—September $1 44¼, October $1 45½; November $1 49¾@½; December $1 53¼. Corn—September 71; October 72¾; November 76.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—September $1 48; October $1 48¾; November $1 51½; December $1 54¼. Corn—September 72½; October 73¼; November 76¼@¾; December 79.

Cotton.

Spots steady at 11¼c for middling. Sales 1,037 bales. New York steady. Liverpool firmer. New Orleans firm. Galveston nominal at 11.

NEW YORK.

Middling 11⅜. Futures closed steady. September 11.74@75; October 11.60@61; November 11.62; December 11.71@72; January 11.88@89; February 12@.02; March 12.42@44; April 12.22@24; May 12.33@34; June 12.43@44.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 11¼. Futures closed: Sept. 12.63@.68; Oct. 12.04@.10; Nov. 11.25@.30; Dec. 11.42@.44; Jan. 11.54@.57. Feb. 11.67@.68; March 11.77@.79; April 11.85@.89; May 11.96@.97; June 12.02@.10.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands. 7 3-16d. Orleans, 7 3-16. Futures closed steady; September 7 9-32d; September and October 6 19-32d; October and November 6 15-32d; November and December 6¼; December and January 6¼d; January and February 6 17-32d; February and March 6 11-16d; March and April 6 19-32d; April and May 6 21-32d; May and June 6 11-16d; June and July 6 23-32d; July and August 6¾d.

LIVE STOCK.

Weekly Review of the St. Louis Market.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & mules.
Thursday	3,562	6,828	960	82
Friday	2,188	3,522	994	152
Saturday	959	3,730	141	21
Monday	1,867	5,277	1,851	22
Tuesday	2,300	3,566	1,515	130
Wednesday	3,849	6,928	1,874	33
Total for week	14,725	29,801	6,975	420
Last week	.....	.....	.....	.....

SHIPMENTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & mules.
Thursday	1,028	2,396	1,834	274
Friday	819	5,794	983	34
Saturday	1,462	2,271	.....	130
Monday	824	1,061	24	135
Tuesday	1,492	2,181	1,468	172
Wednesday	940	1,450	5,610	61
Total	6,525	15,123	9,554	786

CATTLE—Taken all in all, there was a good deal of activity witnessed in the cattle market for the week now ended, and although prices were a shade lower at the close, they are yet still high. The run was large and mainly of common to fair native and Southwest stock, with a fair sprinkling, so to speak, of light to good native steers. In the fore part of the week the demand from all classes of buyers was quite urgent, but as the week progressed their wants became filled; besides the offerings in all the leading stock centers were large and in Chicago the market was glutted and liberal concessions were made. Good and prime native steers have not suffered much, however, and find ready sale, and the prices quite satisfactory, to say the least. Values have reached a too high figure which was the cause of bringing in liberal receipts. In fact, at the present writing, the tendency is to firmness. Grass Texans in moderate supply, and values did not depreciate to any extent. Common to fair mixed butchers' stuff slightly lower, but sells well. Stock and feeding steers in limited supply and demand. Milch cows with calves in fair supply and slow. Wednesday, to-day, the supply of native steers fair—over 100 car loads—and steady at unchanged prices. The quality not of the best. Grass Texans in light supply, fairly active and a shade easier. Mixed butchers' stuff steady. Ruling quotations steady.

HOGS—The demand for all grades above common was steady throughout and prices fluctuated but little, but are slightly lower all round at the close. Offerings were fair and the quality quite decent, consisting mainly of good Yorkers and mixed packing, which found ready sale. Grass hogs and stockers were dull of disposal throughout. Wednesday (to day) supply moderate and the market was active. Yorkers a little stronger. Demand fair for all grades. Yorkers $6 40@6 60; fair to good packing $6 30@6 75; butcher and select $6 80@7 25; rough $5 75@6 25; corn fed pigs $5 50@6 20.

SHEEP—The sheep market was active throughout and the moderate supply sold promptly at strong prices. Shippers had to curtail their operations considerably for want of offerings. All grades said promptly. Good feeding wethers were also in demand.

Common to fair $2 60@3 25; fair to good $3 35@4 00; good to choice $4 00@4 40; stock sheep $2@2 50; feeding sheep $2 75@3 50; Texan sheep $1 75@3 25; lambs $1 50@2 75 per head.

Horses and Mules.

The horse market continues dull, though we notice a slight improvement over last week for good fat stock. There is very little change in our mule market since our last. Good ones sell slow at quotations. A contract for 200 mules, 13 to 14¼ hands, 4 to 7 years old, has been let.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph

CHICAGO, September 21.—Hogs—Receipts 20,000; slow and unchanged at $6 30@7 30. Cattle—Receipts 55,000; slow on exports at $6 20@6 60; good to choice shipping $5 40@5 90; common to fair $4 60@4 90, butchers at $2 50@3 75.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 21.—Flour dull but a shade stronger. Receipts 31,000; sales 15,000. Wheat 1@1½c higher; fairly active speculative business; sales 168,000 bu No. 2 red Oct. $1 47⅛@1 48; 326,000 bu November $1 40¾@1 41; 304,000 bu December $1 53¼@1 54; 80,000 bu No. 2 white October $1 45¼. Corn ¼@⅜ better and moderately active; mixed Western spot 64@71½; futures 71½@71⅝; sales 375,000 bu. Oats without change; sales 180,000, including No. 2 October at 43½; Nov. 46¼@¾. Beef unchanged; demand light. Pork quiet and strong; spot new mess $19 75. Lard about 30c higher and strong; steam rendered 12.35. Butter quiet and unchanged. Cheese steady. Sugar firm and quiet. Molasses steady and quiet. Petroleum firm and in fair demand. Rice quiet and weak. Coffee dull and weak. Freights dull. Spirits of turpentine dull at 51. Rosin firm at 2.35@40. Tallow strong at 9@9⅛. Western eggs firm at 21½.

BALTIMORE, September 21.—Flour steady and quiet. Wheat—Western opened higher, fell off and closed weak; No. 2 winter red spot and September $1 44½; October $1 45¼@½; November $1 49¾@⅝; December $1 53¾. Corn—Western higher, but inactive; mixed spot and September 70@71; October 72¼@¾; November 75¾@¾. Oats stronger and active; Western white 52@53½; mixed 50@51; Pennsylvania 52@53. Rye dull at $1 05@1 08. Hay firm and higher; prime to choice Pennsylvania 321@25. Provisions steady and quiet; mess pork $20 75. Bulk meats—Shoulders and clear rib sides packed 9½@11½. Bacon—Shoulders 10¾; clear rib sides 12½. Hams 15½@16. Lard—Refined 13½. Butter firm; Western grass 14@24. Eggs higher at 19@20.

CHICAGO, September 21.—Wheat strong and higher; advanced about 2@3c; $1 29 cash and September; $1 30¾@⅝ year; $1 32¾ November; $1 34½ December. Corn strong and higher; 66⅝ cash; 67½ October; 67 November; 72¾ bid May. Oats firm and higher at 40¾ cash and September and year; 40⅝@¾ October; 40⅞ November. Rye at $1 07½. Barley at $1 10. Pork firm and higher at $19 25 cash; $19 15 October; $19 37½ November. Lard strong and higher at 12.10 cash; 12½ October; 12.30 November. Whiskey $1 16.

NEW ORLEANS, September 21, 11 A. M.—Flour dull; family $7 40@7 75. Cornmeal quiet at $3 90@4 00. Corn very dull; mixed 80@82; yellow 85; white $1. Oats dull at 57. Bran quiet at $1 30. Hay quiet; prime $22; choice $25. Pork jobbing at $20 75. D. S. shoulders quiet at 8½. Bacon steady at 9¾@9¾@11¾@12. Hams dull at 14@14½. Lard dull but firm; refined tes E. Whisky quiet at $1 15@1 17. Exchange on New York $1@1 50 discount; sight 477½@478¾. Cotton, net receipts 1,498; gross 1,855.

CINCINNATI, September 21.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat irregular; No. 2 red at $1 45½@1 46½. Corn active and firm; No. 2 mixed 49. Oats steady; mixed at 44. Rye at $1 12@1 13. Barley steady and unchanged. Pork quiet at $21. Lard firmer. Bulk meats quiet at 8¾@11. Bacon firm at 9¾@12@12¾. Whisky steady at $1 14. Combination sales finished goods 100 brls basis $1 14.

MILWAUKEE, September 21.—Noon board—Wheat active and strong; No. 2 hard nominal at $1 30½; No. 2 and September $1 30¾, October $1 31¾; November $1 33¾; December $1 34¾; January ... $1 20. November and rejected nominal; receipts 27,000; shipments 12,000. Coarse grain firm. Corn 64 bid. Oats 41 No. 2. Rye $1 07 bid. Barley 94 No. 2.

TOLEDO, September 21.—Wheat firm, higher; No 2 cash $1 43; September $1 43¾; December $1 49¾. Corn steady, higher; mixed 67¾; No. 2 September 67; October 67½; November 69. Oats dull; No. 2 44.

BUFFALO, September 21.—Wheat strong and quiet; sales 20,000 bu; No. 1 hard Duluth October and year $1 47. Corn nominal; 70 asked, 68 bid. Oats held at 46. Canal freights weak and unchanged.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, September 21.—Bacon—S. R. steady at 53s. Beef—Extra India mess firmer at 138s. Lard—Prime Western dull at 60s 9d. Tallow—Prime city steady at 43s. Turpentine spirits at London steady at 41s 6d. Wheat strong; No. 2 dull at 10s 6d. Corn—mixed dull at 5s 11¾d new.

FRANK P. BLAIR POST, NO. 1, DEPARTMENT OF MISSOURI, GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

THE Comrades of this Post are ordered to assemble at headquarters, Deviles' Hall, Ninth and Market streets, at 8 o'clock p. m. this Wednesday, 21st inst., to take action called for by the death of our beloved comrade James A. Garfield.

DAVID MURPHY, Post Commander.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The firm of Vanderhoof & Winter was dissolved by mutual consent on the 20th inst. W. E. Winter will continue the business, and assume all the liabilities and collect all the claims due the firm.

A. J. VANDERHOOF, W. E. WINTER.

St. Louis, September 21, 1881.

NOTICE.—Having this day sold out my interest in the above firm to W. E. Winter, who will continue the business at the old stand, No. 519 Chestnut street, I would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage of my old friends.

A. J. VANDERHOOF.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

THE Westminster is the most durable stove in the market. For sale by John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth street.

A LADY wants a nice furnished room with parties that are not to inquisitive. Address G 44, this office. 3t

SITUATION wanted as watchman, day or night, by a sober steady man. Address R. B. C., 807 Benton street. 21

FOR RENT—A nine-roomed furnished house in Stoddard Addition; large yard. Apply to M. J. Harnett & Co., 215 N. Eighth st.

FOR RENT—Two fur. or unfur. rooms, for gentlemen only. Apply at 2692 Olive st.

FOR SALE—Rare chance at Eureka Springs, Arkansas—A first class prescription drug store, lot and residence; stock complete and select; business very good; location best in the city. Price $2,500 cash. Reason for selling, departure for Europe. Apply immediately. P. O. box 1505, Eureka Springs, Ark.

FOR RENT—2811 S. Ninth st., house of eight rooms; stable, water, etc., $27 50.

WANTED—By a thoroughly competent lady, family sewing by the day, week or piece. Ad. Mrs. G., 1121 Chestnut st. 21

WANTED—A young girl to assist with general housework; good ironer. Apply at 1729 Olive street. 21

WANTED—Boy to learn the photo business. Apply G. H. Feldotto, 1724 Franklin ave. 21

WANTED—A good second-hand, 7-foot bed, covered wagon. L. Mohr, 1421 Chouteau ave. 21

WANTED—A good strong boy, must be willing to work, to learn the bakery trade, at 1424 Chouteau ave. 21

DWELLING FOR RENT—A desirable brick house, six rooms and attic, front and back yard, half square to Washington avenue cars, Cook and Vandeventer avenues.

PLEASANT room wanted in a private family, near Washington avenue and Olive. References exchanged. Address G 22, this office.

CANVASSERS wanted immediately to introduce salable articles put out on weekly payments. First money to agents. Our wringers warranted three years; and our spring beds, a new thing, on installments. We insure five years. Liberal commission on these, as on all our goods. Call and learn particulars. Keystone Wringer Co., 1025 Washington ave.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Thomas McNevin, as trustee of Anna McNevin, acting by and under her written request and direction, and Anna McNevin, now more than nine months dead, and Thomas McNevin, her husband, by their deed of trust dated November 5, 1879, and recorded in book 622, page 250 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein specified, the property hereinafter described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of one of said notes in said deed described and still remains due and unpaid, and also city taxes remain unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will on SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Courthouse, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., expose to sale at public vendue, for cash, the following described tract of parcel of land, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: The most northern thirty (30) feet off of lots number three and four (3 and 4) of block number four (4) of Dillon's Addition, continued opposite Lafayette Park, and in city block number 277, W., commencing at a point of intersection of the east line of Armstrong avenue with the south line of an alley running east and west in said block, thence south on the east line of Armstrong avenue thirty (30) feet, thence east and parallel to the south line of said alley eighty-seven (87) feet, thence north thirty (30) feet to the south line of said alley, thence along the south line of said alley to the place of beginning; and being the same real estate acquired by said parties of the first part by deed of record in book 611, page 548, of St. Louis city records.

THOS. WARD McMANUS, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 20R

TRUSTEE'S SALE of Real Estate—Default having been made in the payment of a certain note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by Louis Miller and Anna, his wife, dated the 15th day of July, 1877, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 576, on page 39; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, on SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, the property in said deed of trust described as a lot or parcel of ground situate lying and being in block No. 579 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of Mills sixty-nine feet and four inches west from the west line of Elliot avenue, and running thence westwardly with the north line of Mills street twenty-five feet eight inches (25 ft. 8 in.), then northwardly and parallel with Elliot avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 5 in.) to an alley, then eastwardly with the south line of said alley twenty-five feet and eight inches, and thence southwardly and parallel with said Elliot avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 5 in.) to the place of beginning; for the purposes of executing said trust.

BERNHARD LOEBLEIN, Trustee. 23S

St. Louis, September 14, 1881.

FIRST SENSATION
OF THE SEASON.
GRAND OPENING!
OF
EUROPEAN NOVELTIES
FOR THE
FALL SEASON
Wednesday and Thursday, 21st and 22d of September.
The Public are respectfully invited to attend.
W. H. GUMERSELL & CO.
413 and 415 N. Fourth Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S | BIG 4 | MINSTRELS.
Every Evening, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees. Matinee Prices 25c, 50c and 75c.
MORTON'S
Original and Only
BIG --4-- BIG
MINSTRELS AND BRASS BAND.
10—END MEN—10
8—SONG AND DANCE ARTISTS—8
12—PEERLESS COMEDIANS—12
The Best Minstrel Company on the Road.
Sunday, Sept. 25—Jay Rial's UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

ST. LOUIS NATATORIUM
AND
SWIMMING SCHOOL
Nineteenth and Pine,
IS NOW OPEN!
HOURS:
Gents and Juniors, 6 to 9 a. m., and from 3 to 6 p. m.
Gentlemen only, 6 to 10 p. m.
Ladies and Misses, 10 a. m to 2 p. m.

SILVER PLATED WARE
Largest Variety and Lowest Prices in America.
Every Article Warranted and Stamped
Mermod, Jaccard & Co.,
COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

Attractive Real Est

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Michael Kinealy, Benjamin C. Powell, S. Ag. Young, trustee, John n. Lionberger, assignee of Broadway Savings Bank, Broadway Savings Bank, Henry Gross, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charge with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot in city block No. 1885, on Grand avenue, being 25 feet in front or width and 120 feet in depth, and being known as lot 12 in block 17 in Page's Second Western addition to said city.

No. 2. Four lots in city block No. 1885, on Grand avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 120 feet in depth, and being known as lots 8, 9, 10 and 11 respectively in block 17 in Page's Second Western addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 8Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Josephine Daniel, Virginia Dean, James A. Daniels, Frank Dean, Samuel Herman, John R. Sh-ppey, trustee, Carlos S. Greeley, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Fourteenth street, in city block 859, 18 feet in front or width and 62 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Colgari, on the east by that of one Matthews, on the south by that of one O'Reilly, on the west by Fourteenth street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 25Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and unknown heirs of John R. Scott are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Clay avenue, containing one 18-100 acres, being the south half of lot 21 in Pearose Tract addition to said city, being bounded on the north by the realty of one Randall, on the east by Clay avenue, on the south by the realty of one Terry, and on the west by Baldwin street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 26Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. T. Taylor and M. F. Taylor are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 1247, 31 feet 9 inches in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 32 in block 4 in Wes t Bremen addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on a reserved strip in city block 1741, 25 feet in front or width, and 45 feet in length or depth, being in Rocky Branch addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of the Penrose tract, on the east by that of one Schwaner, on the south by an alley, on the west by real estate of one Niburg and others.

No. 3. Three lots of ground on Harrison street in city block 307, each 40 feet in front or width, and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 6 in Butchers, and Drovers' addition to said city.

No. 4. Three lots of ground on Harrison street in city block 661 west, each 40 feet in front or width, and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 9, 10 and 11 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 27Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Whitmore is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground enclosed in city block 2359, thirty feet in front or width and 182 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being in the west half of block 7 in Whitmore's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the subdivision line, on the east by the real estate of one Garraide, on the west by that of one Crinnion.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 29Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Drusilla Sappington, William T. Jamison and Charles A. Mantz, trustees, Thomas D. Williams, Lewis D. Williams, Louis Musick, James M. Musick, Martha Ann Snyder, Niured Snyder, Mary Ann Lee, George Lee, Thomas Snyder, Eudora Ashley, Edward Ashley, Edward Williams, Olly Brown, John Musick, Mary Little, James C. Parsons, John Musick, Charles Musick, Mitustila Musick, Amanda Musick, Alice Snyder, Lillie Snyder, Amanda Penn, Calvin F. Burnes, Emma Lynch, Henry C. Lynch and Drusilla Sappington are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Lynch street, in city block 850 in front or width and 125 feet in depth, one part and 134 feet 11½ inches in the other part, and in length or depth 99 feet 8 inches in the one part and 128 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in Block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Burnes, on the east by an alley, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by the real estate of one Burnes.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width and in length or depth 80 feet in the one part and 74 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 30Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Genevieve Todd, Michael H. Todd, Mary Minckee, George Minckee, Madison M. Todd, Margaret Todd, Jessie Todd, Louis Todd, Ann Todd, Henry Todd, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in township 44, range 7, in survey 119, Carondelet Common Fields, containing 35-100 acres, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Sullivan, on the east by that of Edward Todd, on the south by a creek, on the west extending to a point.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 21Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Drusilla Sappington, William T. Jamison and Charles A. Mantz, trustees, Thomas D. Williams, Lewis D. Williams, Louis Musick, James M. Musick, Martha Ann Snyder, Niured Snyder, Mary Ann Lee, George Lee, Thomas Snyder, Eudora Ashley, Edward Ashley, Edward Williams, Olly Brown, John Musick, Mary Little, James C. Parsons, John Musick, Charles Musick, Mitustila Musick, Amanda Musick, Alice Snyder, Lillie Snyder, Amanda Penn, Calvin F. Burnes, Emma Lynch, Henry C. Lynch and Drusilla Sappington are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Lynch street, in city block 850 in front or width and 125 feet in depth, one part and 134 feet 11½ inches in the other part, and in length or depth 99 feet 8 inches in the one part and 128 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in Block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Burnes, on the east by an alley, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by the real estate of one Burnes.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width and in length or depth 80 feet in the one part and 74 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 28Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Catharine Heetweld and William C. Streetor, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 13 in block No. 3 of McCune and Vandeventer's addition to the city of St. Louis, and having a front of 50 feet on Moore avenue by a depth of 217 6-12 feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 13Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Whitmore is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground enclosed in city block 2359, thirty feet in front or width and 182 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being in the west half of block 7 in Whitmore's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the subdivision line, on the east by the real estate of one Garraide, on the west by that of one Crinnion.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 9Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Edward W. Rannells, Mary W. Rannells, John Rannells, W. B. Edwards, Henry Seaver, F. Marinan, the City of St. Louis, a municipal corporation, Elizabeth W. Brown and William Brown, her husband, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Third street in city block 2827, 135 feet in front or width, and 150 feet in length or depth, being in block 47 in Eiler's survey, and bounded on the north by a cemetery, on the east by the real estate of one Sweeney and others, on the south by Allen street, on the west by Third street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 15Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry D. Laughlin, Peter P. Hollocher, John Hollocher, Theresa M. Hanley and Henry C. Hanley, her husband, Mary M. Funk and August Funk, her husband, Michael L. Hollocher, George W. Hollocher, Jacob L. Hollocher, Eleonora Hollacher and August Hollocher and Gottlieb Evermann, guardian of George W. Hollocher, Jacob Hollocher, Eleonora Hollocher, and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for George W. Hollocher, Jacob Hollocher and Eleonora Hollocher, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered 3 in Heidorn's subdivision, in United States survey No. 2217, in township 44, range 6 east of the fifth principal meridian, containing 12 47-100 acres, all according to the plat of said subdivision on file in the Recorder's office of said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 2Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Oscar Haynes and August Reinders are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Gravois Road, in city block 1453, containing one 85-100 acres, being in block 57 in the City Commons, and bounded as follows: On the north running to a point, on the east by the real estate of Heine and others, on the south by Cherokee street, on the west by Gravois road.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Market street in city block 2945, 84 feet in front or width, and 115 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being in block 56 in Eiler's survey, and bounded on the north by Market street, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of said defendants, on the west by that of one Sievin, on the west by that of one Rose.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Market street in city block 2945, 84 feet in front or width, and 115 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being in block 56 in Eiler's survey, and bounded on the north by Market street, on the east by an alley, on the south by the real estate of said defendants, on the west by that of one Creley.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 14Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Fielder Power, Joseph T. Donovan, Frank J. Donovan, trustee, Melvin L. Gray are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, in front or width 67 feet in the one part and 71 feet in the other part, and 90 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lot 24 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, 25 feet in front or width, and in length or depth 90 feet 5 inches in the one part and 123 feet 4 inches in the other part, being lot 25 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 26Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. T. Taylor and M. F. Taylor are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, in front or width 67 feet in the one part and 71 feet in the other part, and 90 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lot 24 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, 25 feet in front or width, and in length or depth 90 feet 5 inches in the one part and 123 feet 4 inches in the other part, being lot 25 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 25Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Fielder Power, Joseph T. Donovan, Frank J. Donovan, trustee, Melvin L. Gray are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, in front or width 67 feet in the one part and 71 feet in the other part, and 90 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lot 24 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, 25 feet in front or width, and in length or depth 90 feet 5 inches in the one part and 123 feet 4 inches in the other part, being lot 25 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 24Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. T. Taylor and Huntington Smith, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, in front or width 67 feet in the one part and 71 feet in the other part, and 90 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lot 24 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, 25 feet in front or width, and in length or depth 90 feet 5 inches in the one part and 123 feet 4 inches in the other part, being lot 25 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 23Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. T. Taylor and Huntington Smith, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, in front or width 67 feet in the one part and 71 feet in the other part, and 90 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lot 24 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1742, 25 feet in front or width, and in length or depth 90 feet 5 inches in the one part and 123 feet 4 inches in the other part, being lot 25 in Rocky Branch addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 22Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Unknown heirs of Henry Westman are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 20 of Maguire's addition to the city of St. Louis, and being lot No. 20 of city block No. 1931 of said city, fronting 25 feet on Maguire Market Place by a depth of 150 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 3Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Edward W. Rannells, Mary W. Rannells, John Rannells, W. B. Edwards, Henry Seaver, F. Marinan, the City of St. Louis, a municipal corporation, Elizabeth W. Brown and William Brown, her husband, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 3. A lot in city block No. 1109 east on North Market street, being 15 feet in front or width, and 114 feet in depth, and being lot 30 in Shand's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 4Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Catharine Heetweld and William C. Streetor, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 13 in block No. 3 of McCune and Vandeventer's addition to the city of St. Louis, and having a front of 50 feet on Moore avenue by a depth of 217 6-12 feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 13Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Edward W. Rannells, Mary W. Rannells, John Rannells, W. B. Edwards, Henry Seaver, F. Marinan, the City of St. Louis, a municipal corporation, Elizabeth W. Brown and William Brown, her husband, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Third street in city block 2827, 135 feet in front or width, and 150 feet in length or depth, being in block 47 in Eiler's survey, and bounded on the north by a cemetery, on the east by the real estate of one Sweeney and others, on the south by Allen street, on the west by Third street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 15Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Drusilla Sappington, William T. Jamison and Charles A. Mantz, trustees, Thomas D. Williams, Lewis D. Williams, Louis Musick, James M. Musick, Martha Ann Snyder, Niured Snyder, Mary Ann Lee, George Lee, Thomas Snyder, Eudora Ashley, Edward Ashley, Edward Williams, Olly Brown, John Musick, Mary Little, James C. Parsons, John Musick, Charles Musick, Mitustila Musick, Amanda Musick, Alice Snyder, Lillie Snyder, Amanda Penn, Calvin F. Burnes, Emma Lynch, Henry C. Lynch and Drusilla Sappington are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Lynch street, in city block 850 in front or width and 125 feet in depth, one part and 134 feet 11½ inches in the other part, and in length or depth 99 feet 8 inches in the one part and 128 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in Block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Burnes, on the east by an alley, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by the real estate of one Burnes.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width and in length or depth 80 feet in the one part and 74 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 24Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Drusilla Sappington, William T. Jamison and Charles A. Mantz, trustees, Thomas D. Williams, Lewis D. Williams, Louis Musick, James M. Musick, Martha Ann Snyder, Niured Snyder, Mary Ann Lee, George Lee, Thomas Snyder, Eudora Ashley, Edward Ashley, Edward Williams, Olly Brown, John Musick, Mary Little, James C. Parsons, John Musick, Charles Musick, Mitustila Musick, Amanda Musick, Alice Snyder, Lillie Snyder, Amanda Penn, Calvin F. Burnes, Emma Lynch, Henry C. Lynch and Drusilla Sappington are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Lynch street, in city block 850 in front or width and 125 feet in depth, one part and 134 feet 11½ inches in the other part, and in length or depth 99 feet 8 inches in the one part and 128 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in Block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Burnes, on the east by an alley, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by the real estate of one Burnes.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width and in length or depth 80 feet in the one part and 74 feet 4 inches in the other part, being part of Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real

CARNIVAL

Veiled Prophets,

St. Louis, Tuesday, Oct. 4.

THE GREAT SAUCE

OF THE WORLD.

LEA & PERRINS'

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

EXTRACT

of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, &c.

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Sold and used throughout the world.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK.

Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railway Company.

Notice of Special Meeting.

A special meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on the 28th day of September next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the company in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of acting upon the following agreements made by its Board of Directors:

1. An agreement with the Cairo and Vincennes Railway Company for the consolidation of that company with this company. The said agreement provides for the issue in exchange for the common stock of said company of common stock of this company to the amount of not exceeding three millions five hundred thousand dollars, being an increase of the capital stock of this company to that extent.

2. An agreement with the Danville and Southwestern Railway Company for the consolidation of said Company with this Company.

3. An agreement with the St. Francisville and Lawrenceville Railroad Company for the consolidation of said Company with this Company.

Each of the foregoing agreements provides for the issue by this company of its five per cent bonds to the amount of three millions eight hundred and fifty-seven thousand dollars ($3,857,000), secured by mortgage upon the railroads and property of the said Cairo, Danville and St. Francisville companies. Said issue of bonds is to be paid to the stockholders of the said three companies and for rolling stock of said Cairo company in the proportions specified in said agreements.

A copy of said agreement between the St. Louis Bridge Company, the Tunnel Railroad Company of St. Louis, the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway Company, and the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, for the lease by said last named company of the Bridge over the Mississippi River, and the Tunnel and Railroad Tracks, and for the acquisition by the lessee companies of the common stock of said St. Louis Bridge Company.

SOLON HUMPHREYS,
A. L. HOPKINS,
JAY GOULD,
RUSSELL SAGE,
THOMAS E. TUTT,
JAMES F. HOW,
BENJ. W. LEWIS,
CHARLES RIDGLEY,
GEO. L. DUNLAP,
F. L. AMES,
JAMES CHENEY,
JAMES F. JOY,
SAMUEL SLOAN,
GEORGE G. HAVEN,
SIDNEY DILLON.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on first class real estate security.

519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

CHAMBERS' STEAM AND JOB PRINTING HOUSE.

401, 403 and 405 North Third Street.

Does Printing and Blank Book Work of all Kinds on Reasonable Terms. Try us.

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES FINE PLATES.

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a renewed order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made September 12, 1881, I, John H. Tracy, administrator of the estate of David Nicholson, deceased, will on

THURSDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, sell at public auction all the interest of David Nicholson, deceased, in and to the following real estate, to-wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 of block number 2 of John E. Cook's subdivision of a portion of the Calve tract in Grand Prairie common fields of St. Louis, and in United States Survey 1583, according to the plat recorded in plat book No. 1, page 192, said four lots containing a front of two hundred and seventy feet on the north line of Finney avenue by a depth of one hundred and forty feet to an alley, being a portion of the property acquired from John B. McKay and wife and John S. Hood and wife (by trustee) by deed dated June 15, 1880, and recorded in book 631, page 418.

Lots numbered 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17 of block number 2 of John E. Cook's subdivison as above described; said six lots containing a front of three hundred and twenty-five feet on the south line of Cook avenue by a depth of one hundred and forty feet to an alley, being also a portion of the property acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed above described and recorded in book 631, page 418.

A lot of ground in U. S. survey 1583, containing a front of fifty-five feet on the west line of Grand avenue by one hundred and fifty feet deep to an alley, bounded north by Cook avenue, east by Grand avenue, south by McDonald and west by said alley; acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed recorded in book 631, page 418.

A lot of ground in U. S. survey 1583, beginning at a point in the western line of Grand avenue one hundred and five feet from the south line of Cook avenue, thence south one hundred feet, thence west one hundred and fifty feet to an alley, thence north one hundred feet thence east one hundred and fifty feet to point of beginning; acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed above recited, and which is recorded in book 631, page 418.

A lot in U. S. survey 1583, beginning at a point in the north line of Finney avenue one hundred and sixty-five feet west of the west line of Grand avenue thence west along said north line of Finney avenue eighty-four feet ten inches, thence northwardly at right angles to Finney avenue one hundred and forty-five feet to an alley, thence along said alley seventy-four feet three inches to another alley, thence south along the west line of said last named alley one hunpred and forty-five feet to place of beginning; acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed dated 15th June, 1880, recorded in book 631, page 418.

Lots numbered 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29 of block numbered 2 of Daniel D. Page's second western addition to city of St. Louis; each of said lots contains a front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Boston street by a depth southwardly of one hundred and twenty feet to an alley fifteen feet wide; bounded north by Boston street, east by Spring avenue, south by said alley and west by lot numbered thirty of said block; acquired from John F. Grady by deed June 2, 1881, recorded book 632, page 456.

Lots numbered fourteen of block 5 of Knox & Picot's subdivision of lots or a dition a plat of which is of record in office of Recorder of Deeds for City of St. Louis, said lots being also in city block 2349, and having a front of forty-three feet 3¾ inches on west line of Jefferson avenue, between Penrose and Market streets, a depth westwardly of one hundred forty-nine feet, six inches, more or less, bounded north by Gartside, east by Jefferson avenue, south by an alley 15 feet wide, west by an alley 20 feet wide; acquired from Wm. Groshon and wife by deed dated April 13, 1877, and recorded in book 571, page 134.

Lots numbered 5, 6, 7 and 8 of block number one of Mackenzie's addition to city of St. Louis (city block 2160), having an aggregate front of one hundred feet on the south line of Chouteau avenue by a depth southwardly of one hundred and twenty feet to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded north by Chouteau avenue, east by lot number four of said addition, block number one, south by an alley and west by lot number nine of said addition, block number one; acquired from Wm. Groshon and wife, deed April 13, 1877, recorded book 570, page 125.

Lot numbered 12 of block 5 of Knox and Picot's addition, being city block 2353, having a front of forty feet one and one-quarter inches, more or less on the west line of Elliott avenue between Penrose and Market streets, by a depth westwardly of one hundred and twenty-six feet to an alley twenty feet wide; bounded north by ground of Salz, east by Elliott avenue, south by an alley fifteen feet wide and west by an alley twenty feet wide; acquired from Wm. Groshon and wife, deed dated April 13, 1877, recorded in book 571, page 134.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest at six per cent.

JOHN H. TRACY,
Administrator of Estate of David Nicholson.
Frank K. Ryan, Attorney. 43P

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN.—To all whom it may concern.—Take notice, that at a special term of the St. Louis Probate Court, held on the 23d day of August, 1881, the undersigned was appointed guardian and curator of the person and estate of Barbara Guenther, who is a person of unsound mind. HENRY WIEBUSCH,
Guardian of Barbara Guenther, a non compos. 65P

ESTATE of Ferdinand Singer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Ferdinand Singer,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 9th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1881.

WILLIAM M. KOHN,
Administrator of the estate of Ferdinand Singer, deceased. 46P

ESTATE of Johanna Talleur, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Johanna Talleur,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 8th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 14th day of September, 1881.

LOUIS METTE,
Administrator of the estate of Johanna Talleur, deceased. 47P

NOTICE to the heirs of William Ray.—William Ray, supposed to be a native of Ohio, and having relatives residing near Zanesville, in that state, died in the city of St. Louis on or about the 11th day of July, A. D. 1881, leaving an estate valued at $471 33, consisting of personalty apprised at $91 65 and $379 68 cash. Ray was five feet six inches high, had dark brown hair, eyes gray, complexion dark, weighed about 150 pounds, aged about 48 years.

For further information apply to

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for City of St. Louis. Office, N. W. corner Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., September 21, 1881. 12R

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

Before P. J. Taaffe, Justice of the Peace, Fifth District.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
L. A. Pratt, plaintiff,
vs.
E. R. Lee, defendant.

It appearing from the return of the summons issued in the above entitled cause to James Carroll, Constable in said District, that the above named defendant cannot be found, and the Justice being fully satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him,

It is ordered that the above named defendant is hereby notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to enforce an hotel keeper's lien, and for that purpose to obtain a judgment for the sum of eighty-two dollars against him, and also against his wages due him for services rendered while in the employ of the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroad Company.

And unless he appear on or before

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1ST, A. D., 1881, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the undersigned, at No. 605 Chestnut street, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri.

Given under my hand and seal this 17th day of September, A. D. 1881.

P. J. TAAFFE,
Justice of the Peace. 89P

Assignees' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE at 2733 Thomas street, Wednesday, Sept. 28, 1881—By direction of S. T. Glover, administrator of Sallie E. Merritt, we will sell as above all the furniture and household goods, comprising parlor and bed-room furniture, carpets, chairs, mattresses, table, sideboard, glass and table ware, cook stove and kitchen outfit, and numerous small household articles.

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, Auctioneers.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Frank B. Grafiage that on Thursday, the 20th day of October, 1881, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, room 1, for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said Frank B. Grafiage.

FRED. WISLIZENUS,
Assignee. 99O

DR. WOOD,

213 N. SEVENTH ST.—30 years' practical experience. Cures private diseases, no matter how serious or long standing, in less time and for less money than any other physician in the city.

Every case guaranteed.

Hours 8 to 8 daily, 9 to 12 Sundays. Call or write.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, George Bruyn, a widower, by his certain deed of trust dated 12th of November, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 640, page 371, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: A tract of land in the Prairie des Noyer, in United States survey number twenty-nine hundred and ninety-eight (2998), containing four and twenty-five hundredths acres, and bounded north by Hereford, east by Sanguinette, south by Christy and west by King's Highway, and being the same property acquired from Wm. H. Cozens et al. by deed dated 25th September, 1880, and from B. F. Webster et al. by deed dated November 10, 1880; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER,
Trustee.
60P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, William G. Williamson and Margaret J., his wife, by their deed dated June 7, 1872, and recorded on page 398, book 453, of the records of the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned all that parcel of real estate, to-wit: A certain lot of ground having a front of 50 feet on the north line of St. Ferdinand street, by a depth of 134 feet to a fifteen-foot alley, commencing at a point 350 feet from the northeast corner of Taylor avenue and St. Ferdinand street, and running east on the north line of St. Ferdinand street fifty feet; thence west on south line of said alley 50 feet, thence south 134 feet to place of beginning. In trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provision of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, OCTOBER 10TH, A. D. 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JOSEPH MEYER,
Trustee.
St. Louis, September 16, 1881. 69P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Sarah M. Rhodes and Jacob Rhodes, her husband, and John Riggin, her trustee, by their certain deed of trust dated the 17th day of June, 1873, recorded in book 472, page 195, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situate in St. Ferdinand township, in St. Louis county, State of Missouri, viz.: Two parcels of land situate in U. S. surveys Nos. 2030 and 2031, townships 46 and 47, range 5 east, one of said parcels containing 54 acres and 60-100 acres, bounded north by land now or late of Jos. H. Garrett, east by the common fields of St. Ferdinand, south by land now or late of McMenamy, and west by land now or late of Williamson, and being lot No. 3 of the subdivision of the estate of Joseph Garrett, deceased, as per plat filed by the Sheriff of St. Louis county in his report of sale in the case of J. B. Dawson and wife vs. Mary Garrett and others; and the other one of said parcels containing fourteen acres, bounded north by the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad (formerly North Missouri Railroad), east by land now or late of Garrett, south by land now or late of Williamson and west by land of P. Holland, and being part of lot No. 2 of said subdivision of said Garrett estate as per plat, in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas the two notes therein designated as principal notes remain due and unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said two principal notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY A. HUNICKE,
Trustee.

For further particulars apply to George H. Stille, Notary Public, from 201, Granite Building, corner Fourth and Market streets.
St. Louis, September 17, 1881. 70P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Streniker and Catharine, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated 8th day of June, 1881, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 574, page 284, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in block No. 1656 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to wit: Lot No. one (1) of block No. three (3) of Dr. Peel Schade's amended second addition of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of City Common block No. 75; said lot having a front of thirty-five (35) feet on the north line of Keokuk street by a depth along the west line of Missouri avenue of one hundred and nine (109) feet more or less to an alley twenty feet wide; bounded north by said alley, east by Missouri avenue, south by Keokuk street and west by lot No. 2. Which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described. And whereas three of said notes have become due and remain unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER.
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., September 21, 1881. 4IR

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF WILLIAM ELLIOTT, alias Charles Elliott.—William Elliott, alias Charles Elliott, died at the City Hospital, in the city of St. Louis, on or about the 5th day of July, A. D. 1877. Said Elliott was about 5 feet 6 inches high, had light hair, gray eyes, complexion fair, weighed about 150 pounds, was a native of England or Scotland; his estate consisted of a claim against the Central Savings Bank of St. Louis for $1,615 50 and $204 95 in cash. A final settlement of this estate was filed in the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis on the 20th of September 1881, and if the balance in the administrator's hands is not claimed by his legal heirs on or before September 1, 1882, the same will be paid into the State Treasury for the benefit of the public school fund. For further particulars apply to

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 10R

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF CHRISTINA MEYERS.—Christina Meyers, a German by birth, died in the City Hospital in the city of St. Louis, on or about the 26th day of August, 1879. Said Christina was about 5 feet 5 inches high, weighed about 120 pounds, hair brown mixed with gray, complexion fair, aged 64 years, from Wittenberg, Germany. She left an estate consisting of $441 25. A final settlement of this estate was made in the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, September 20, 1881, and if the balance in the hands of the administrator is not claimed by the legal heirs before September, 1882, same will be paid into the State Treasury for the benefit of the public school fund.

For further particulars apply to

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, room 10, second floor, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 11R

ESTATE of Julius A. Peters, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Julius A. Peters,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 17th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 19th day of September, 1881.

MARY F. PETERS,
Executrix.
T. P. Dyer, att'y, 417 Pine. 14R

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of

Ferdinand Singer,

deceased, will on the 26th day of September, 1881, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell at public sale, at No. 1108 Olive street in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, the personal estate, goods and chattels belonging to the estate of said deceased, consisting of paper hangings, curtain goods and fixtures and other articles too numerous to mention.

WILLIAM M. KOHN,
Administrator of Ferdinand Singer, deceased.
St. Louis, September 19, 1881. 89P

ESTATE of William Milford, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

William Milford,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 19th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1881.

GEORGE MILFORD,
Administrator of William Milford, deceased. 45P

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE of piece goods, tailors' trimmings, etc., at auction house of Haggerty & Dewes, Fifth and Pine street, September 28, 1881. ALBERT ARNSTEIN,
Administrator John Martin, deceased.
Office, 500 Olive street.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John A. Dunn is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground situated on Spring avenue, 140 feet in front or width and 260 feet and 10 inches in length or depth, known as lot No. 17 in block 2 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground situated on Spring avenue, 156 feet in front or width and 250 feet and 10 inches in length or depth, known as lot No. 18 in block 2 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground situated on Grand avenue, 156 feet in front or width and 250 feet and 10 inches in length or depth, known as lot No. 4 in block 2 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground situated on Grand avenue, 140 feet in front or width and 250 feet and 10 inches in length or depth, known as lot 2 in block 2 in Page & McPherson's addition to said city,

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 39Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and the Illinois and St. Louis Bridge Company, George C. Faolan, Amos Cotting and Solon Humphreys are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground in city block 27 of said city being 2 feet 3 inches in front on Main street and running to a point in the rear, by 45 feet deep, bounded north by the Bridge Company, east by Main street, south by lot now or formerly of Biddle, and west to a point of beginning.

2. A lot of ground in city block No. 27 of said city, being 8 feet in front on Second street, and 3 feet 5 inches wide in the rear by 150 feet deep, bounded on the north by Sneed, on the east by an alley, on the south by the Bridge Company, and west by Second street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 35Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James Booth, William J. Howard, Michael B. O'Reilly, trustee, Sarah Baugh, Joseph Clark, trustee, are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows:

A lot of ground on Bellefontaine road, 60 feet in front or width and 215 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 1 in Hornsby's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 40Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Barr, John Barr are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 1885, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 17 in Page's second Western addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 30Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Isabel la Balmer and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Elizabeth Isabella Balmer, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 7. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2834, 25 feet in front or width, and 135 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 3 in Walsh's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 31Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Sisley Spencer, Mary Montgomery, Mathias Montgomery, John D. S. Dryden, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 1885, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 17 in Page's second Western addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 32Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Michael B. O'Reilly, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 6. A lot of ground on Fifth street, in city block 3212, 100 feet 7 inches in front or width and 135 feet in length or depth, being in block 71 in survey 8, and bounded on the north by the real estate of Anna Hammel, on the east by Fifth street, on the south by Marceau street, on the west by the real estate of one Hammel.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 49Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Sisley Spencer, Mary Montgomery, Mathias Montgomery, John D. S. Dryden, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 1243, 25 feet in front or width, and 128 feet in length or depth, being lot 25 in block 2 in West Bremen addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 30Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Isabel la Balmer and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Elizabeth Isabella Balmer, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 7. A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2834, 25 feet in front or width, and 135 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 3 in Walsh's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 29Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Sisley Spencer, Mary Montgomery, Mathias Montgomery, John D. S. Dryden, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 1885, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 17 in Page's second Western addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 29Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Sisley Spencer, Mary Montgomery, Mathias Montgomery, John D. S. Dryden, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 1885, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 17 in Page's second Western addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 29Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the rel

FALL, 1881!

Our New Stock of Fine

BOOTS AND SHOES

Is now complete and larger than ever.

JOEL SWOPE & BRO.,

311 N. FOURTH ST.

THE

MACERATOR

LOCAL NEWS.

THE most delicate and lasting of odors, Pozzoni's White Rose, Stephanotis and Knight Templar Perfume Depot, Sixth street, under Lindell Hotel.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE.

See Guernsey, Jones & Co.'s advertisement on eighth page.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8.

The Last of Her $100.

Jim McElmer, who was attached to Forepaugh's show, got himself into trouble at the St. James Hotel last night. Jim was discharged from the show when it was here, and has since been boarding with his wife at the hotel. Miss Annie Souther, a young lady from Montana, came to the hotel a couple of days ago and soon struck up a friendship with McElmer's wife. She is waiting here for friends, and yesterday she became sick and wanted to telegraph to her cousin at Burlington, Iowa, and send him $10 to come here. Would Mr. McElmer be kind enough to attend to the matter? He would, only too glad, etc. Miss Souther had nothing less than a $100 bill, and Jim took this and started out. He did not come back. A couple of hours afterwards he turned up rather drunk down stairs, paid his bill, and said he thought he would leave. A part of the story had leaked out and his baggage was held. Soon after Miss Souther told her story, and Dave Schiringer, the clerk, started to hunt the thief. He was soon found, and Dave and a policeman marched him to the Chestnut street station, about 7 o'clock last night. He did not attempt to deny the matter, but said he had given the money to his wife. He was locked up for grand larceny. The money was not recovered.

SAVE cooking. Buy sliced corned beef packed by St. Louis Beef Canning Co.

Missouri Conference.

The following report of the Committee on Books and Periodicals was unanimously adopted:

THE ADVOCATE PUBLISHING HOUSE.

We rejoice to learn that under the able business management of Mr. L. D. Dameron this House is free from all financial embarrassment, and is conducting a large and prosperous business. This house and the Publishing house at Nashville are upon the most friendly terms, and much of the business from Missouri with the Publishing House at Nashville is conducted through the house at St. Louis. It is to the mutual interest of both houses that it should be so.

THE ST. LOUIS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

This paper, so long the organ of this Conference, under the able editorial management of the veteran editor, Rev. D. R. McAnally, D. D., is still growing in favor with the people. Its present circulation is 16,560 paying subscribers. We recommend that this able auxiliary of the pulpit be placed, as far as possible, in every family within our bounds

All of which is respectfully submitted.
Signed, in behalf of the committee:
W. M. RUSH,
Chairman.

Making It Lively.

John Rogers took possession of Nellie Smith's house, No. 417 North Seventh yesterday, and was enjoying himself throwing the cuspidors and small furniture out the window, when he was attacked by the inmates and put out himself. He then amused himself by throwing the furniture back again through the glass in the door with a few extra bricks. When Nellie came down stairs to remonstrate, she was pulled out in the street and badly used by the wrathful Rogers. Officer Gusmore arrested Rogers at Sixth and Pine streets, with George Mathews, and today the former was fined $10.

They Held Him Up.

Andrew Kessling, a machinist at Westlake & Button's, had a novel experience at 2 o'clock this morning. He had just escorted his girl home from a wedding on North Market street, and was going along Fifteenth street, between North Market and Warren, when two [illegible] out of an alley and seized him. They shook him up pretty lively, took 40 cents out of his pocket and his ring from his finger. Kessling shouted "watch," and the men ran. Before they did so their victim succeeded in cutting one of them twice with a penknife. Kessling visited the place this morning and found his ring on the sidewalk.

BETTER than a galvanic battery and a doctor besides is a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy for rheumatism.

The New Police Sergeants.

Officers John Burke, Purcell, Scharpenberg and Tom Boyd, who were promoted to the rank of sergeant at the meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners yesterday, received their shields to-day. Sergts. Scharpenberg and Boyd go to the Second District. Sergt. Purcell will take the Eastern precinct from Levee to Sixth street, and from Market to Park avenue. Sergt. Burke, who has been stationed at Union Depot for five years and has done police duty at that point, will have the depot in his precinct, which will extend from Sixth to Fourteenth, and from Market to Park avenue.

Shooting at Officers and Paying for It.

Frank Johnson was causing a disturbance at the circus, Nineteenth and Pine streets, last night when Officers Fox and McGrath arrested him. A crowd led by Thomas Lynch followed the prisoner, and at Sixteenth and Chestnut streets two shots were fired at the officers from the gang. Johnson was fined costs in a case of disturbing the peace and $10 for resisting an officer. Lynch, who is a circus wagon driver, was fined $10 for resisting an officer.

Wedding Cakes

And all other kinds, also Charlotte Russe, biscuit glace, ice cream etc., at L. Mohr's Confectionery, 1424 Chouteau avenue.

Firing Bricks.

Kate Johnson took the stand in the First District Police Court as witness in her own behalf to-day. She said; "I was going up Clark avenue about 11 o'clock last night when Lizzie Gray fired three or four rocks at me and knocked me senseless, then I wheeled around and socked her with a brick, and I think I was right." The case was dismissed.

TURKISH BATHS,

711 North Seventh Street.

This is the only properly constructed Bath for Health and Comfort, in this city, and the only institution where Ladies and Gentlemen can enjoy this great luxury and remedial agent.

ST. LOUIS IN SORROW.

The City to Send a Representative Delegation to Cleveland.

A Mass Meeting Saturday Night—The Hearse that Carried Lincoln—Arrangements for Monday.

The Meeting in the Mayor's Office.

A meeting was held in the Mayor's office at half past nine o'clock this morning, in accordance with invitation received from his Honor by the Merchants', Mechanics' and Cotton Exchanges of the city, as well as several private citizens, to give united expression and combine upon some appropriate official action in regard to President Garfield's death. Mayor Ewing presided, and his private secretary, Lyndon A. Smith was made secretary of the gathering.

The following officials were present: Comptroller Adreon; George W. Parker, President of the Council, Treasurer Merrill, Postmaster Hays, Revenue Collector Sturgeon, City Collector Hudson; Gen. A. J. Smith, Auditor; Col. Henry T. Flad, President Board of Public Improvements; Gen. John D. Stevenson, Water Commissioner, and City Counsellor Bell. The Cotton Exchange was represented by Messrs. J. W. Paramore, Wm. M. Senter, James L. Sloss, D. P. Rowland and Theodore Meir; the Mechanics' Exchange by Messrs. Anthony Ittner, Henry Feurebach, Thos. Rich, Thos. C. Hayden and James Dunn. The Merchants' Exchange committee did not appear.

Mayor Ewing, in opening the meeting, stated that he would to-day issue a proclamation ordering the suspension of all business on Monday, the day of the funeral, commanding the tolling of the bells of the city between the hours of 2 p. m. and 4 p. m., requesting all places of amusement to close their doors that night and urging citizens generally to give all possible expression to the general grief for the death of the President by draping their buildings in black, etc.

Secretary Smith read communications from Mr. R. S. Hayes, of the Wabash, and Speaker Marriott, of the House of Delegates, who could not be present at the meeting.

Mr. Paramore offered a resolution providing for a delegation consisting of two city officers, two officers of the General Government, two citizens at large and two members of the various exchanges to accompany His Honor the Mayor to attend the funeral. Adopted.

Collector Hudson wanted all citizens going to Cleveland to attend the funeral to be added to the delegation.

Postmaster Hays objected. He wanted the delegation to be official and distinctly representative of the city of St. Louis.

Mr. Rowland wanted a larger committee. St. Louis should send at least ten from the city at large.

After some discussion the delegation of thirteen suggested by Mr. Paramore was increased to twenty-one, with ten at large from the city.

The Mayor and his private secretary were authorized to arrange for the transportation and accommodation of the delegation.

On motion of Mr. Rowland the Mayor was requested to ask that all the churches of the city be opened on Monday and appropriate funeral services be held in each.

Mr. Sturgeon suggested that a public meeting of citizens be held at Merchants' Exchange Friday evening to give proper expression to the sentiments of our people at large in reference to the great calamity that has befallen the country.

Postmaster Hays also urged the holding of a mass meeting. Passing along the streets yesterday, he said, he saw a few flower pots on a rude shelf in the window of what might be called the parlor of the house of some son of toil. There was also a festoon of crape over the door. Not being given in these late years to sentimentalism, he might be pardoned for indulging in a reflection on this touching picture. It suggested to him that the present great calamity had gone with full force to the hearts of the poor people of this land. He had noticed other evidences of these feelings of the laboring and middle classes concerning the suffering and death of the President and he felt that there should now be some great outpouring of the people to give expression to the sentiment of that class who seemed to be overlooked in the gatherings that were held at the Merchants' Exchange.

Mr. Hudson thought Lucas Market Square the best place to hold such a meeting, and after a short talk it was ordered that 7:30 p. m. Saturday and Lucas Market Square be designated the time and place for the gathering. The Mayor was instructed to appoint a committee of five to arrange for the meeting, select speakers, etc.

Mr. Sturgeon said private citizens were anxious to know whether residences would be generally draped. He suggested that a recommendation be made by the present meeting that all dwellings be covered with emblems of morning.

Mr. Merrell said there was not black cloth enough in the city to do so. The stores were already out of this kind of goods.

The Mayor then appointed Messrs. Geo. W. Parker, D. P. Rowland, Henry Feuerbach, Isaac H. Sturgeon and J. S. Merrell the committee to arrange for Saturday night's meeting. This committee may increase their number if they see fit to do so. Adjourned.

THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS

for the Lucas Market mass meeting came together at once and selected Mr. Geo. W. Parker for chairman of the Saturday night gathering and James O. Broadhead for secretary.

Rev. Joseph H. Foy, of the Central Christian Church, to which denomination Garfield belonged, was chosen to deliver the invocation, and the following gentlemen were appointed a committee on resolutions: John W. Noble, chairman; James O. Broadhead, Samuel Hays, Saml. T. Glover, R. Graham Frost, G. A. Finkelnburg, Anthony Ittner, A. W. Slayback, L. S. Metcalfe and Nathan Cole.

All the clergy and ministry of the city are invited to take seats on the stand.

The following speakers were selected: Rev. W. W. Boyd, Gov. T. T. Crittenden, Hon. John Hogan, John B. Henderson, Rev. Dr. Rhodes, Erastus Wells, Judge Samuel Treat, D. P. Rowland, Chauncey I. Filley, A. W. Slayback, Geo. A. Finkelnburg, Anthony Ittner, Postmaster Hays, D. F. Dyer, John J. Pollard, ex-Gov. Thos. H. Fletcher, George Bain, Henry Overstolz, Chester H. Krum, Chas. P. Johnson, Rev. J. C. Specolls, E. C. Kehr, Right Rev. P. [illegible] Ryan, Right Rev. Bishop Robertson, E. S. Rowse, Dr. Prectorius and Henry C. Brokmeyer.

The committee meets again at 4 p. m. tomorrow in the Treasurer's office.

Resolutions of Condolence Adopted by the St. Louis Conference.

The St. Louis Conference of the M. E. Church South met in the parlors of the St. John's M. E. Church, corner of Ewing avenue and Lucas Place, at 9 o'clock this morning. Bishop Geo. F. Pierce was in the chair and Secretary Shelton was present. The session was opened with devotional exercises, and then the work of calling the roll and completing the list of delegates was taken up and occupied about thirty minutes. The matter of appointments then came up. Rev. Mr. Johnson was appointed assistant recording secretary and Rev. Mr. Tidwell was chosen as statistical secretary. By vote it was decided that the meetings of the conference shall open at 9 a. m. and close at 1 p. m. every day. Then followed the appointment of committees as given below: Committee on Public Worship—Drs. Wilson and Tudor and Samuel Cupples; Committee on Books and Periodicals—Dodd, Emery, Bounds, J. C. Moore and H. N. Watts; Committee on Sunday Schools—J. R. Hicks, O'Fallon, Russell, Thrower and J. R. Frazier; Committee on Education—Drs. Finney, J. L. Ratton, R. T. Theu, Dennis and White; Bible Committee—Drs. Marquis, J. J. Watts and Endaly.

The Bishop announced that all the necessary appointments had been made, and Rev. Dr. Tudor asked permission on behalf of himself and Dr. Wilson to present for the action of the conference a series of resolutions. Permission was granted and Dr. Tudor read the following

RESOLUTIONS:

Resolved, That this conference regards with inexpressible grief the death of President Garfield as the nation's loss, and contemplates with horror the crime by which he was taken off.

Resolved, That we hereby extend to Mrs. James A. Garfield and to the entire family of the late President our tenderest condolence, accompanied by our prayers.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to arrange appropriate services in this church for the day set apart for the funeral of the late President.

Resolved, That the Secretary of this conference be and is hereby instructed to transmit these resolutions by telegraph to Mrs. Garfield.

By a rising vote the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Secretary Shelton then read the annual report from the book agent of the M. E. Church, South, which indicated that the future of the M. E. Book Concern is flattering. The report on books and periodicals was read and approved. Dr. Wilson, who is Missionary Secretary of the Conference, submitted his annual report which was referred to the proper committee. Bishop Pierce then appointed J. R. Hicks to solicit subscriptions to the "Advocates of Missions," the organ of Missionary Societies of the M. E. Church, South. Several committees which were expected to report had not yet finished their work and the examination of elders was taken up.

The attendance was large; although a few of the delegates had not arrived at the opening of the session.

The Hearse Which Carried Lincoln.

It is not generally known that St. Louis supplied the hearse in which President Lincoln's remains were carried to the vault in which they now rest. The following telegram sent from the City Hall this morning will therefore be of exceeding interest to many persons.

ST. LOUIS, September 21, 1881.

R. R. HERRICK, Mayor, Cleveland, O.:

The hearse that was used at Springfield on the occasion of the burial of President Lincoln is in this city, in good order, and is tendered by the owner, Mr. Jesse Arnot, for use at Cleveland on Monday. If desired, answer.

WM. L. EWING,
Mayor.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called at Arnot's stable and saw this hearse, which is a massive and beautiful vehicle, the body being of black, gold and silver; the sides of glass, with gold figures burned into its surface and silver columns dividing it; the rests for the plumes designed in gold and silver torches, and all the details rich and in keeping with the parts here described. Mr. Arnot, who is very proud of his property, says he had the hearse built in 1860 by William D. Rogers, of Philadelphia, at a cost of $4,000. The remains of Thomas H. Benton, Col. John O'Fallon, Joseph Charless, Col. Throckmorton Grimsley, Major Reilly, Gen. Sterling Price and indeed of all the prominent men who died here were carried in it. On the occasion of Lincoln's death Mr. Arnot tendered the use of the hearse through Mayor Thomas to the Mayor of Springfield and also offered six horses and his own services for the occasion. The tender was accepted and Mr. Arnot himself sat on the driver's box behind the six black horses that drew the remains.

Eminent Dr. W. C. Cavenagh,

Memphis, Tenn., writes: For weak digestion, consumption, general debility and want of appetite, I cheerfully recommend Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator. (Remember the name, Colden's; take no other.)

The Sick Remembered.

The usual weekly meeting of the St. Louis Flower and Ice Mission was held at the Presbyterian rooms this morning. The donations of flowers this morning were very beautiful, although the amount was small. The ladies present this morning were: Mrs. Barnard, Mrs. G. N. Beard, Mrs. H. M. Meier, Miss Ball, Miss Jane Peck, Miss Carrie Ferguson, Miss Meysenberg, Miss Dix, Miss Slaughter, Miss Mary Aull, Miss Wilson, Miss Baker, Miss Mamie Ferguson and Miss Gardiner.

Large amounts of fruits, flowers and papers were sent in the morning and the distributions were made to the City Hospital and the Good Samaritan and Female Hospitals.

GENTS' Patent Leather Shoes in all the latest styles at Swope's, 311 North Fourth street.

Thrown From His Buggy.

A. B. Chandler, of No. 715 South Sixth street, was driving north on Jefferson avenue near Olive street yesterday, when his buggy was run into by a butcher wagon driven by some unknown person. Mr. Chandler was thrown out and badly bruised. The buggy was damaged $25.

LADIES expecting to attend the "Vefled Prophets" ball will find a large assortment of the latest styles in Satin Slippers, all the different colors, with plain or Louis XV. heels.

JOEL SWOPE & BRO, 311 N. Fourth street.

LOVELY COMPLEXIONS

POSSIBLE TO ALL.

What Nature denies to many Art secures to all. Hagan's Magnolia Balm dispels every blemish, overcomes Redness, Freckles, Sallowness, Roughness, Tan, Eruptions and Blotches, and removes all evidences of heat and excitement. The Magnolia Balm imparts the most delicate and natural complexional tints—no detection being possible to the closest observation.

Under these circumstances a faulty complexion is little short of a crime. Magnolia Balm sold everywhere. Costs only 75 cents, with full directions.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Though Shaken in Every Joint

and fiber with fever and ague, or bilious remittent, the system may yet be freed from the malignant virus with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Protect the system against it with this beneficent anti-spasmodic, which is furthermore a supreme remedy for liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, kidney troubles, and other ailments. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

THE IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

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LADIES AND GENTS.

We guarantee you lower prices than can be had at any regular jewelry house in the city.

A PERSONAL INSPECTION

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It is to the interest of every merchant wanting goods at low prices, for cash, within 30 days, to look at our clothing, ALL MADE BY US.

In our MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT we show the Largest, Handsomest and Cheapest Line of goods in the West.

Our $5 PANTS and $20 SACK SUITS are the Best for the Money in America.

Samples and Rules of Self-Measurement sent on application.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

List of Those That Have Qualified Under the Law of 1881.

Allen, Jas. W., 102½ N. Fifth, res. 113 Compton ave.
Crawford, T. L., U. S. Circuit Clerk's office, Post Office Building.
Dyer, Trusten P., 417 Pine.
Ellerbe, C. P., 506 Olive street, Room 28.
Espenschied, Frederic F., 372 Pine; r. 2926 Dickson.
Gordon, S. B., Lawyer and Notary, 919 Olive st.
Jonas M. B., 219 N. Fifth; room 22.
Kappner, I. G., 111 N. Fifth street.
Karst, Eugene, corner Third and Chestnut.
Lathrop, Joseph, 417 N. Third, room 3.
Logan, C. C., 217 N. Eighth st.; 3518 Washington av.
Marston, Edgar L., 417 Olive, Room 8.
McEntire, J. H., 108 N. Fourth and 1208 St. Ange av.
Newman, H. A., Room 10, Temple Building.
O'Neill, John J., 609 Locust; res. Boston & Spring.
Papin, Theodore, 311 Olive.
Parmer, Enrique, 506 Olive, room 15.
Picot, L. D., 517 Pine street,
Robertson, Julius, 515 Olive; residence 2027 Morgan
Stevenson, J. C. d., 720 Pine; res. 2109 Walnut st.

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For Basements, Cellars, Breweries, Warehouses, Carriage Houses, Sidewalks, Solid, Dry, Waterproof and Ratproof.
Tiles delivered to any point.
Any experienced paver can lay them.
Send for circular.

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720 Chestnut Street.

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Northeast Corner Fifth and Pine.

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BOSTON ART FURNITURE

Is Again Complete, and Our Store-Room in St. Louis Greatly Enlarged.

We Have Added to Our Storerooms, GIVING US NOW 34,650 SQUARE FEET OF FLOOR ROOM, ALL FOR $2,280 PER ANNUM.

We Employ the Best Cabinet-Makers and Upholsterers

If Goods Prove Unsatisfactory they May Be Returned, AND MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.

See our Bed-Room and Dining-Room Suits, and our Parlor Frames in Mahogany, Ebony, Oak, Maple, Amaranth and Brass.

PARLOR COVERINGS In Nacarat Metal Tapestry, Fine Velours, Bronze end Garnet, Damasquette Speratta, Spun Silk, Silk and Mohair Plush, Raw Silks, Terries and Hair-Cloth.

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Rates $2, $2 50 and $4 per day. Private parlors and bathrooms extra.

CHAS. SCUDDER & CO., Prop'rs.

UNION LEAGUE.

The members of the UNION LEAGUE are requested to meet at the

Lindell Hotel,

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21, AT 4 P. M.,

to take such action as may be desirable in consequence of the death of the President of the United States.

E. S. ROWSE,
President.

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